not check if a smaller reporting company.)

YES

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10- K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUA X EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	ANT TO SECTION 13 C	PORM 10- K OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES	
For the Fiscal Year Ended M	lay 31, 2011		
TRANSITION REPORT PUF EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 —	RSUANT TO SECTION	13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES	
Commission File No. 0- 11399			
		INTAS CORPORATION	
WASHINGTON	(Exact Name of	Registrant as Specified in Its Charte 31-1	188630
(State or Other Jurisdiction of		(I.R.S	. Employer
Incorporation or Organization)	COOO Cinton I		fication No.)
	6800 Cintas E P.O. Box 625		
	Cincinnati, Ol	nio 45262- 5737	
	(Address of P	Principal Executive Offices)	
	(513) 459- 12	200	
	(Registrant's	telephone number, including area co	
Title of a selection		red pursuant to Section 12(b) of the	Act:
Title of each class Common Stock, no par value		n exchange on which registered Q Stock Market LLC (NASDAQ Glob	al Select Market)
common closh, no par value		red pursuant to Section 12(g) of the	
Indicate by check mark if the Regi	strant is a well- known	seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule	405 of the Securities Act.
YES ➤	• NO		
Indicate by check mark if the Regi YES	istrant is not required to NO →	file reports pursuant to Section 13 c	or Section 15(d) of the Act.
	preceding 12 months (filing requirements for the	or for such shorter period that the R	d by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities egistrant was required to file such reports)
			ed on its corporate website, if any, every
		I pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulatior Registrant was required to submit ar	n S- T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the
YES >	NO	togistrant was required to submit ar	d post such mos).
_			
will not be contained, to the best	of the Registrant's know	vledge, in definitive proxy or informa	- K (§229.405) is not contained herein, and ation statements incorporated by reference
in Part III of this Form 10- K or any Indicate by check mark whether			filer, a non- accelerated filer, or a smaller
reporting company. See the defini			naller reporting company" in Rule 12b- 2 of
the Exchange Act. (Check one): Large Accelerated Filer →	Accelerated Filer	Smaller Reporting Company	Non- Accelerated Filer (Do
Largo / toootoratou i iloi /			

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b- 2 of the Exchange Act).

NO **→**

The aggregate market value of the Registrant's Common Stock held by non- affiliates as of November 30, 2010, was \$3,886,803,703 based on a closing sale price of \$26.75 per share. As of June 30, 2011, 173,347,196 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock were issued and 131,204,758 shares were outstanding.

Documents Incorporated by Reference

Portions of the Registrant's Proxy Statement to be filed with the Commission for its 2011 Annual Meeting of Shareholders are incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10- K.

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Cintas Corporation Index to Annual Report on Form 10- K

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Part I

Item 1. Business

Cintas Corporation ("Cintas," "Company," "we," "us" or "our"), a Washington corporation, provides highly specialized products and services to businesses of all types primarily throughout North America, as well as Latin America, Europe and Asia. Cintas' products and services are designed to enhance its customers' images and brand identification, as well as provide a safe and efficient work place. Cintas was founded in 1968 by Richard T. Farmer, currently the Chairman Emeritus of the Board, when he left his family's industrial laundry business in order to develop uniform programs using an exclusive new fabric. In the early 1970's, Cintas acquired the family industrial laundry business. Over the years, Cintas developed additional products and services that complemented its core uniform business and broadened the scope of products and services available to its customers.

Cintas classifies its businesses into four operating segments based on the types of products and services provided. The Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment consists of the rental and servicing of uniforms and other garments including flame resistant clothing, mats, mops and shop towels and other ancillary items. In addition to these rental items, restroom cleaning services and supplies and carpet and tile cleaning services are also provided within this operating segment. The Uniform Direct Sales operating segment consists of the direct sale of uniforms and related items and branded promotional products. The First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment consists of first aid, safety and fire protection products and services. The Document Management Services operating segment consists of document destruction, document imaging and document retention services.

We provide our products and services to over 900,000 businesses of all types - from small service and manufacturing companies to major corporations that employ thousands of people. This diversity in customer base results in no individual customer accounting for greater than one percent of Cintas' total revenue. As a result, the loss of one account would not have a significant financial impact on Cintas.

The following table sets forth Cintas' total revenue and the revenue derived from each operating segment:

Fiscal Year Ended May 31, (in thousands)	2011		2010		2009
Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products	\$ 2,692,2	48 \$	2,569,357	\$	2,755,015
Uniform Direct Sales	419,2	22	386,370		428,369
First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services	377,6	63	338,651		378,097
Document Management Services	321,2	51	252,961		213,204
Total Revenue	\$ 3,810,3	84 \$	3,547,339	\$	3,774,685

Additional information regarding each operating segment is also included in Note 13 entitled Operating Segment Information in "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

The primary markets served by all Cintas operating segments are local in nature and highly fragmented. Cintas competes with national, regional and local providers, and the level of competition varies at each of Cintas' local operations. Product, design, price, quality, service and convenience to the customer are the competitive elements in each of our operating segments.

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Within the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment, Cintas provides its products and services to customers via local delivery routes originating from rental processing plants and branches. Within the Uniform Direct Sales and First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segments, Cintas provides its products and services via its distribution network and local delivery routes or local representatives. Within the Document Management Services operating segment, Cintas provides its services via local service routes originating from document management branches and document retention facilities. In total, Cintas has approximately 7,700 local delivery routes, 423 operations and eight distribution centers. At May 31, 2011, Cintas employed approximately 30,000 employees, of which approximately 225 were represented by labor unions.

Cintas sources finished products from many outside suppliers. In addition, Cintas operates six manufacturing facilities that provide for standard uniform needs. Cintas purchases fabric, used in its manufacturing process, from several suppliers. Cintas is not aware of any circumstances that would hinder its ability to continue obtaining these materials.

Cintas is subject to various environmental laws and regulations, as are other companies in the uniform rental industry. While environmental compliance is not a material component of its costs, Cintas must incur capital expenditures and associated operating costs, primarily for water treatment and waste removal, on a regular basis. Environmental spending related to water treatment and waste removal was approximately \$18 million in both fiscal 2011 and 2010. Capital expenditures to limit or monitor hazardous substances were approximately \$2 million in fiscal 2011 and less than \$1 million in fiscal 2010. Cintas does not expect a material change in the cost of environmental compliance and is not aware of any material non- compliance with environmental laws.

Cintas uses its corporate website, www.cintas.com, as a channel for routine distribution of important information, including news releases, analyst presentations and financial information. Cintas files with or furnishes to the SEC Annual Reports on Form 10- K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10- Q, Current Reports on Form 8- K and any amendments to those reports, as well as proxy statements and annual reports to shareholders, and, from time to time, other documents. The reports and other documents filed with or furnished to the SEC are available to investors on or through our corporate website free of charge as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file them with or furnish them to the SEC. In addition, the public may read and copy any of the materials we file with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington D.C. 20549. The public may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an internet site located at http://www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding issuers, such as Cintas, that file electronically with the SEC. Cintas' SEC filings and its Code of Business Conduct can be found on the Investor Information page of its website at www.cintas.com/company/investor_information/highlights.aspx. These documents are available in print to any shareholder who requests a copy by writing or calling Cintas as set forth on the Investor Information page.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The statements in this section describe the most significant risks that could materially and adversely affect our business, consolidated financial condition and consolidated results of operation and the trading price of our debt or equity securities.

In addition, this section sets forth statements which constitute our cautionary statements under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

This Annual Report on Form 10- K contains forward- looking statements. The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor from civil litigation for forward- looking statements. Forward- looking statements may be identified by words such as "estimates," "anticipates," "predicts," "projects," "plans," "expects," "intends,"

"target," "forecast," "believes," "seeks," "could," "should," "may" and "will" or the negative versions thereof and similar expressions and by the context in which they are used. Such statements are based upon current expectations of Cintas and speak only as of the date made. You should not place undue reliance on any forward- looking statement. We cannot guarantee that any forward- looking statement will be realized. These statements are subject to various risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ from those set forth in or implied by this Annual Report. Factors that might cause such a difference include, but are not limited to, the possibility of greater than anticipated operating costs including energy costs, lower sales volumes, loss of customers due to outsourcing trends, the performance and costs of integration of acquisitions, fluctuations in costs of materials and labor including increased medical costs, costs and possible effects of union organizing activities, failure to comply with government regulations concerning employment discrimination, employee pay and benefits and employee health and safety, uncertainties regarding any existing or newly- discovered expenses and liabilities related to environmental compliance and remediation, the cost, results and ongoing assessment of internal controls for financial reporting required by the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002, disruptions caused by the unaccessibility of computer systems data, the initiation or outcome of litigation, investigations or other proceedings, higher assumed sourcing or distribution costs of products, the disruption of operations from catastrophic or extraordinary events, the amount and timing of repurchases of our Common Stock, if any, changes in federal and state tax and labor laws and the reactions of competitors in terms of price and service. Cintas undertakes no obligation to publicly release any revisions to any forward- looking statements or to otherwise update any forward- looking statements whether as a result of new information or to reflect events, circumstances or any other unanticipated developments arising after the date on which such statements are made.

Negative global economic factors may adversely affect our financial performance.

Negative economic conditions, in North America and our other markets, may adversely affect our financial performance. Higher levels of unemployment, inflation, tax rates and other changes in tax laws and other economic factors could adversely affect the demand for Cintas' products and services. Increases in labor costs, including healthcare and insurance costs, labor shortages or shortages of skilled labor, higher material costs for items such as fabrics and textiles, lower recycled paper prices, higher interest rates, inflation, higher tax rates and other changes in tax laws and other economic factors could increase our costs of rental uniforms and ancillary products and other services and selling and administrative expenses. As a result, these factors could adversely affect our sales and consolidated results of operation.

Increased competition could adversely affect our financial performance.

We operate in highly competitive industries and compete with national, regional and local providers. Product, design, price, quality, service and convenience to the customer are the competitive elements in these industries. If existing or future competitors seek to gain or retain market share by reducing prices, Cintas may be required to lower prices, which would hurt its results of operation. Cintas' competitors also generally compete with Cintas for acquisition candidates, which can increase the price for acquisitions and reduce the number of available acquisition candidates. In addition, our customers and prospects may decide to perform certain services in-house instead of outsourcing these services to us. These competitive pressures could adversely affect our sales and consolidated results of operation.

An inability to open new, cost effective operating facilities may adversely affect our expansion efforts.

We plan to expand our presence in existing markets and enter new markets. The opening of new operating facilities is necessary to gain the capacity required for this expansion. Our ability to open new operating facilities depends on our ability to identify attractive locations, negotiate leases or real estate purchase agreements on acceptable terms, identify and obtain adequate utility and water sources and comply with environmental regulations, zoning laws and other similar factors. Any inability to effectively identify and manage these items may adversely affect our expansion efforts, and, consequently, adversely affect our financial performance.

Risks associated with our acquisition practice could adversely affect our results of operations.

Historically, a portion of our growth has come from acquisitions. We continue to evaluate opportunities for acquiring businesses that may supplement our internal growth. However, there can be no assurance that we will be able to locate and purchase suitable acquisitions. In addition, the success of any acquisition depends in part on our ability to integrate the acquired company. The process of integrating acquired businesses may involve unforeseen difficulties and may require a disproportionate amount of our management's attention and our financial and other resources. Although we conduct due diligence investigations prior to each acquisition, there can be no assurance that we will discover or adequately protect against all material liabilities of an acquired business for which we may be responsible as a successor owner or operator. The failure to successfully integrate these acquired businesses or to discover such liabilities could adversely affect our consolidated results of operations.

Increases in fuel and energy costs could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

The price of fuel and energy needed to run our vehicles and equipment is unpredictable and fluctuates based on events outside our control, including geopolitical developments, supply and demand for oil and gas, actions by OPEC and other oil and gas producers, war and unrest in oil producing countries, regional production patterns, limits on refining capacities, natural disasters and environmental concerns. Increases in fuel and energy costs could adversely affect our consolidated financial condition and consolidated results of operation.

Unionization campaigns could adversely affect our results of operations.

Cintas has been and could continue to be the target of a unionization campaign by several unions. These unions have attempted to pressure Cintas into surrendering its employees' rights to a government- supervised election by unilaterally accepting union representation. We will continue to vigorously oppose any unionization campaign and defend our employees' rights to a government-supervised election. Unionization campaigns could be materially disruptive to our business and could materially adversely affect our consolidated results of operation.

Risks associated with the suppliers from whom our products are sourced could adversely affect our results of operation.

The products we sell are sourced from a wide variety of domestic and international suppliers. Global sourcing of many of the products we sell is an important factor in our financial performance. We require all of our suppliers to comply with applicable laws, including labor and environmental laws, and otherwise be certified as meeting our required supplier standards of conduct. Our ability to find qualified suppliers who meet our standards, and to access products in a timely and efficient manner is a significant challenge, especially with respect to suppliers located and goods sourced outside the United States. Political and economic stability in the countries in which foreign suppliers are located, the financial stability of suppliers, suppliers' failure to meet our supplier standards, labor problems experienced by our suppliers, the availability of raw materials to suppliers, currency exchange rates, transport availability and cost, inflation and other factors relating to the suppliers and the countries in which they are located are beyond our control. In addition, U.S. and foreign trade policies, tariffs and other impositions on imported goods, trade sanctions imposed on certain countries, the limitation on the importation of certain types of goods or of goods containing certain materials from other countries and other factors relating to foreign trade are beyond our control. These and other factors affecting our suppliers and our access to products could adversely affect our consolidated results of operation.

Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operation.

We earn revenue, pay expenses, own assets and incur liabilities in countries using currencies other than the U.S. dollar, including the Canadian dollar, British pound, and the euro. In fiscal years 2011, 2010 and 2009, revenue denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar represented less than 10% of our consolidated revenue. Because our consolidated financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars, we must translate revenue, income and expenses, as well as assets and liabilities, into U.S. dollars at exchange rates in effect during or at the end of each reporting period. Therefore, fluctuations in the value of the U.S. dollar against other major currencies, particularly in

the event of significant increases in foreign currency revenue, will impact our revenue and operating income and the value of balance sheet items denominated in foreign currencies. This impact could adversely affect our consolidated financial condition and consolidated results of operation.

Failure to comply with the regulations of the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration and other state and local agencies that oversee safety compliance could adversely affect our results of operation.

The Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, as amended, or OSHA, establishes certain employer responsibilities, including maintenance of a workplace free of recognized hazards likely to cause death or serious injury, compliance with standards promulgated by OSHA and various record keeping, disclosure and procedural requirements. Various OSHA standards may apply to our operations. We have incurred, and will continue to incur, capital and operating expenditures and other costs in the ordinary course of our business in complying with OSHA and other state and local laws and regulations. Any failure to comply with these regulations could result in fines by government authorities and payment of damages to private litigants and affect our ability to service our customers and adversely affect our consolidated results of operation.

We are subject to legal proceedings that may adversely affect our financial condition and results of operation.

We are party to various litigation claims and legal proceedings. We discuss these lawsuits and other litigation to which we are party in greater detail under the caption "Item 3. Legal Proceedings" and in Note 12 entitled Litigation and Other Contingencies of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements." Certain of these lawsuits or potential future lawsuits, if decided adversely to us or settled by us, may result in liability and expense material to our consolidated financial condition and consolidated results of operation.

Compliance with environmental laws and regulations could result in significant costs that adversely affect our results of operation.

Our operating locations are subject to environmental laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment and health and safety matters, including those governing discharges of pollutants to the air and water, the management and disposal of hazardous substances and wastes and the clean- up of contaminated sites. The operation of our businesses entails risks under environmental laws and regulations. We could incur significant costs, including clean- up costs, fines and sanctions and claims by third parties for property damage and personal injury, as a result of violations of or liabilities under these laws and regulations. We are currently involved in a limited number of remedial investigations and actions at various locations. While based on information currently known to us, we believe that we maintain adequate reserves with respect to these matters, our liability could exceed forecasted amounts, and the imposition of additional clean- up obligations or the discovery of additional contamination at these or other sites could result in significant additional costs which could adversely affect our results of operation. In addition, potentially significant expenditures could be required to comply with environmental laws and regulations, including requirements that may be adopted or imposed in the future.

Under applicable environmental laws, an owner or operator of real estate may be required to pay the costs of removing or remediating hazardous materials located on or emanating from property, whether or not the owner or operator knew of or was responsible for the presence of such hazardous materials. While we regularly engage in environmental due diligence in connection with acquisitions, we can give no assurance that locations that have been acquired or leased have been operated in compliance with environmental laws and regulations during prior periods or that future uses or conditions will not make us liable under these laws or expose us to third- party actions, including tort suits.

We rely extensively on computer systems to process transactions, maintain information and manage our businesses. Disruptions in the availability of our computer systems could impact our ability to service our customers and adversely affect our sales and results of operation.

Our businesses rely on our computer systems to provide customer information, process customer transactions and

provide other general information necessary to manage our businesses. We have an active disaster recovery plan in place that is frequently reviewed and tested. However, our computer systems are subject to damage or interruption due to system conversions, power outages, computer or telecommunication failures, computer viruses, security breaches, catastrophic events such as fires, tornadoes and hurricanes and usage errors by our employees. If our computer systems are damaged or cease to function properly, we may have to make a significant investment to fix or replace them, and we may have interruptions in our ability to service our customers. This disruption caused by the unavailability of our computer systems could adversely affect our sales and consolidated results of operation.

Failure to achieve and maintain effective internal controls could adversely affect our business and stock price.

Effective internal controls are necessary for us to provide reliable financial reports. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to the consolidated financial statement preparation and presentation. While we continue to evaluate our internal controls, we cannot be certain that these measures will ensure that we implement and maintain adequate controls over our financial processes and reporting in the future. If we fail to maintain the adequacy of our internal controls or if we or our independent registered public accounting firm were to discover material weaknesses in our internal controls, as such standards are modified, supplemented or amended, we may not be able to ensure that we can conclude on an ongoing basis that we have effective internal control over financial reporting in accordance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002. Failure to achieve and maintain an effective internal control environment could cause us to be unable to produce reliable financial reports or prevent fraud. This may cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information, which could have a material adverse effect on our stock price.

We may experience difficulties in attracting and retaining competent personnel in key positions.

We believe that a key component of our success is our corporate culture which has been imparted by management throughout our corporate organization. This factor, along with our entire operation, depends on our ability to attract and retain key employees. Competitive pressures within and outside our industry may make it more difficult and expensive for us to attract and retain key employees which could adversely affect our businesses.

Unexpected events could disrupt our operations and adversely affect our results of operation.

Unexpected events, including fires or explosions at facilities, natural disasters such as hurricanes and tornadoes, war or terrorist activities, unplanned outages, supply disruptions, failure of equipment or systems or changes in laws and/or regulations impacting our businesses, could adversely affect our results of operation. These events could result in customer disruption, physical damage to one or more key operating facilities, the temporary closure of one or more key operating facilities or the temporary disruption of information systems.

We may recognize impairment charges which could adversely affect our results of operation and financial condition.

We assess our goodwill and other intangible assets and our long- lived assets for impairment when required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. These accounting principles require that we record an impairment charge if circumstances indicate that the asset carrying values exceed their estimated fair values. The estimated fair value of these assets is impacted by general economic conditions in the locations in which we operate. Deterioration in these general economic conditions may result in: declining revenue which can lead to excess capacity and declining operating cash flow; reductions in management's estimates for future revenue and operating cash flow growth; increases in borrowing rates and other deterioration in factors that impact our weighted average cost of capital; and deteriorating real estate values. If our assessment of goodwill, other intangible assets or long- lived assets indicates an impairment of the carrying value for which we recognize an impairment charge, this may adversely affect our consolidated financial condition and consolidated results of operation.

Within our Document Management business, we handle customers' confidential information. Our failure to protect our customers' confidential information against security breaches could damage our reputation, harm our business and adversely impact our results of operation.

Our Document Management Services business includes both document destruction and document retention services. These services involve the handling of our customers' confidential information and the subsequent destruction or retention of this information. Any compromise of security, accidental loss or theft of customer data in our possession could damage our reputation and expose us to risk of liability, which could harm our business and adversely impact our consolidated results of operation.

The effects of credit market volatility and changes in our credit ratings could adversely affect our liquidity and results of operation.

Our operating cash flows, combined with access to the credit markets, provide us with significant discretionary funding capacity. However, deterioration in the global credit markets may limit our ability to access credit markets, which could adversely affect our liquidity and/or increase our cost of borrowing. In addition, credit market deterioration and its actual or perceived effects on our results of operation and financial condition, along with deterioration in general economic conditions, may increase the likelihood that the major independent credit agencies will downgrade our credit ratings, which could increase our cost of borrowing. Increases in our cost of borrowing could adversely affect our consolidated results of operation.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

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Item 2. Properties

Cintas occupies 431 facilities located in 289 cities. Cintas leases 235 of these facilities for various terms ranging from monthly to the year 2019. Cintas expects that it will be able to renew or replace its leases on satisfactory terms. Of the six manufacturing facilities listed below, Cintas controls the operations of two of these manufacturing facilities, but does not own or lease the real estate related to these operations. All other facilities are owned. The principal executive office in Cincinnati, Ohio, provides centrally located administrative functions including accounting, finance, marketing and computer system development and support. Cintas operates rental processing plants that house administrative, sales and service personnel and the necessary equipment involved in the cleaning of uniforms and bulk items, such as entrance mats and shop towels. Branch operations provide administrative, sales and service functions. Cintas operates eight distribution centers and six manufacturing facilities. Cintas also operates first aid, safety and fire protection and document management facilities and direct sales offices. Cintas considers the facilities it operates to be adequate for their intended use. Cintas owns or leases approximately 14,200 vehicles which are used for the route- based services and by the sales and management employee- partners.

The following chart provides additional information concerning Cintas' facilities:

Type of Facility	Facilities
Rental Processing Plants	166
Rental Branches	105
First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Facilities	60
Document Management Facilities	71
Distribution Centers	8*
Manufacturing Facilities	6
Direct Sales Offices	15
Total	431

Rental processing plants, rental branches, distribution centers and manufacturing facilities are used in Cintas' Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment. Rental processing plants, rental branches, distribution centers, manufacturing facilities and direct sales offices are all used in the Uniform Direct Sales operating segment. First aid, safety and fire protection facilities, rental processing facilities and distribution centers are used in the First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment. Document management facilities and rental processing facilities are used in the Document Management Services operating segment.

* Includes the principal executive office, which is attached to the distribution center in Cincinnati, Ohio.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

We discuss material legal proceedings (other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to our business) pending against us in "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data," in Note 12 entitled Litigation and Other Contingencies of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements." We refer you to and incorporate by reference into this Item 3 that discussion for important information concerning those legal proceedings, including the basis for such actions and, where known, the relief sought.

Item 4. [Removed and Reserved]

Part II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Market Information

Cintas' common stock is traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "CTAS." The following table shows the high and low sales prices of shares of Cintas' common stock by quarter during the last two fiscal years:

Fiscal 2011

Quarter Ended	High			Low
May 2011	\$	32.90	\$	27.22
February 2011		30.19		27.18
November 2010		28.47		25.70
August 2010	27.26			23.50
Fiscal 2010				
Quarter Ended		High		Low
May 2010	\$	28.79	\$	24.72
February 2010	•	30.00	T	23.10
November 2009		30.85		26.51
August 2009		28.30		21.30
 - - - -				

Holders

At May 31, 2011, there were approximately 4,000 shareholders on record of Cintas' common stock. Cintas believes that this represents approximately 72,000 beneficial owners.

Dividends

Dividends on the outstanding common stock have been paid annually and amounted to \$0.49 per share, \$0.48 per share and \$0.47 per share in fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

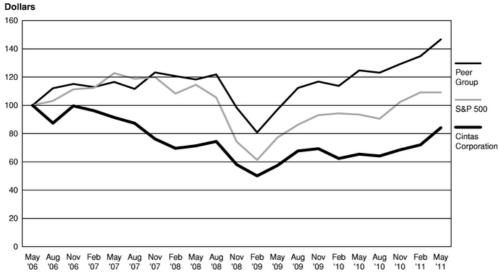
Stock Performance Graph

The following graph summarizes the cumulative return on \$100 invested in Cintas' common stock, the S&P 500 Stock Index and the common stocks of a selected peer group of companies. Because our products and services are diverse, Cintas does not believe that any single published industry index is appropriate for comparing shareholder return. Therefore, the peer group used in the performance graph combines four publicly traded companies in the business services industry that have similar characteristics as Cintas, such as route- based delivery of products and services. The companies included in the peer group are G & K Services, Inc., UniFirst Corporation, ABM Industries and Ecolab, Inc.

Total shareholder return was based on the increase in the price of the stock and assumed reinvestment of all dividends. Further, total return was weighted according to market capitalization of each company. The companies in the peer group are not the same as those considered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors.

Total Shareholder Returns

Comparison of Five- Year Cumulative Total Return



Periods Ending

Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchases

On May 2, 2005, Cintas announced that the Board of Directors authorized a \$500.0 million share buyback program at market prices. In July 2006, Cintas announced that the Board of Directors approved the expansion of its share buyback program by an additional \$500.0 million. The Board of Directors did not specify an expiration date for the share buyback program.

From the inception of the May 2, 2005 share buyback program, Cintas purchased a total of approximately 28.0 million shares of Cintas common stock at an average price of \$35.78 per share for a total purchase price of \$1.0 billion. The May 2, 2005 share buyback program has been completed.

On October 26, 2010, Cintas announced that the Board of Directors authorized a \$500.0 million share buyback program at market prices.

Period 	Total number of shares purchased		Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of the publicly announced plan	Maximum approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plan
March 2011	-	\$	-	-	\$500,000,000
April 2011	2,446,673		30.29	2,446,673	425,883,212
May 2011	5,274,498		31.54	7,721,171	259,550,601
-		_	0.1.1.1	= =0.4 .=.4	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Total	7,721,171	\$	31.14	7,721,171	\$259,550,601

Beginning in April 2011, under the October 26, 2010 program, through July 29, 2011, Cintas has purchased a total of approximately 15.8 million shares of Cintas stock at an average price of \$31.70 per share for a total purchase price of \$500.0 million. These purchases complete the October 26, 2010 share buyback program.

During the quarter ended May 31, 2011, Cintas purchased approximately 1,000 shares of Cintas common stock in trade for employee payroll taxes due on restricted stock options that vested during the fiscal year. These shares were purchased at an average price of \$29.85 per share for a total purchase price of less than \$0.1 million.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

Eleven- Year Financial Summary

(In thousands except per share and percentage data)

Fiscal Years Ended May 31,	200	1	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	10- Year Compd Growth
-	40.400	700	0.074.050	0.000 505	0.044.050	0.007.000	0.400.000	0.700.000	0.007.000	0.774.005	0.547.000	0.010.001	F 00/
Revenue	+ ,,		2,271,052	, ,			, ,	3,706,900	3,937,900		3,547,339	3,810,384	5.8%
Net Income	\$ 218,0		229,466	243,191	265,078	292,547	323,382	334,538	335,405	226,357	215,620	246,989	1.2%
Basic EPS	\$ 1	.30	1.35	1.43	1.55	1.70	1.93	2.09	2.15	1.48	1.40	1.68	2.6%
Diluted EPS	\$ 1	.27	1.33	1.41	1.54	1.69	1.92	2.09	2.15	1.48	1.40	1.68	2.8%
Dividends Per													
Share	\$ 0	.22	0.25	0.27	0.29	0.32	0.35	0.39	0.46	0.47	0.48	0.49	8.3%
Total Assets	\$1,752,	224	2,519,234	2,582,946	2,810,297	3,059,744	3,425,237	3,570,480	3,808,601	3,720,951	3,969,736	4,351,940	9.5%
Shareholders'			, ,	, ,	, ,								
Equity		346	1 423 814	1 646 418	1,888,093	2 104 574	2 090 192	2 167 738	2 254 131	2 367 409	2 534 029	2 302 649	6.5%
Return on	Ψ1,201,		1,120,011	1,010,110	1,000,000	2,101,071	2,000,102	2,107,700	2,201,101	2,007,100	2,001,020	2,002,010	0.070
Average													
Equity (1)	10	2%	17.3%	15.8%	15.0%	14.7%	15.4%	15.7%	15.2%	9.8%	8.8%	10.2%	
	19.	<u>~</u> /0	17.3/0	13.0 /6	13.0 /6	14.7 /0	13.4 /0	13.7 /0	13.2 /0	3.0 /0	0.0 /6	10.2 /0	
Long- Term	Φ 000		700.050	504 700	470.005	405.004	704.454	077.074	0.40.700	700.050	705 444	1 00 1 700	
Debt	\$ 220,9	940	703,250	534,763	473,685	465,291	794,454	877,074	942,736	786,058	/85,444	1,284,790	

(1)

Return on average equity is computed as net income divided by the average of shareholders' equity. We believe that this calculation gives management and shareholders a good indication of Cintas' historical performance.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Business Strategy

Cintas provides highly specialized products and services to businesses of all types primarily throughout North America, as well as Latin America, Europe and Asia. We bring value to our customers by helping them provide a cleaner, safer and more pleasant atmosphere for their customers and employees. Our products and services are designed to improve our customers' images. We also help our customers protect their employees and their company by enhancing workplace safety and helping to ensure legal compliance in key areas of their business.

We are North America's leading provider of corporate identity uniforms through rental and sales programs, as well as a significant provider of related business services, including entrance mats, restroom cleaning services and supplies, carpet and tile cleaning services, first aid, safety and fire protection products and services, document management services and branded promotional products. Cintas' principal objective is "to exceed customers' expectations in order to maximize the long- term value of Cintas for shareholders and working partners," and it provides the framework and focus for Cintas' business strategy. This strategy is to achieve revenue growth for all of our products and services by increasing our penetration at existing customers and by broadening our customer base to include business segments to which we have not historically served. We will also continue to identify additional product and service opportunities for our current and future customers.

To pursue the strategy of increasing penetration, we have a highly talented and diverse team of service professionals visiting our customers on a regular basis. This frequent contact with our customers enables us to develop close personal relationships. The combination of our distribution system and these strong customer relationships provides a platform from which we launch additional products and services.

We pursue the strategy of broadening our customer base in several ways. Cintas has a national sales organization introducing all of our products and services to prospects in all business segments. Our broad range of products and services allows our sales organization to consider any type of business a prospect. We also broaden our customer base through geographic expansion, especially in our emerging businesses of first aid and safety, fire protection and document management. Finally, we evaluate strategic acquisitions as opportunities arise.

Results of Operations

Cintas classifies its businesses into four operating segments based on the types of products and services provided. The Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment consists of the rental and servicing of uniforms and other garments including flame resistant clothing, mats, mops and shop towels and other ancillary items. In addition to these rental items, restroom cleaning services and supplies and carpet and tile cleaning services are also provided within this operating segment. The Uniform Direct Sales operating segment consists of the direct sale of uniforms and related items and branded promotional products. The First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment consists of first aid, safety and fire protection products and services. The Document Management Services operating segment consists of document destruction, document imaging and document retention services.

The following table sets forth certain consolidated statements of income data as a percent of revenue by operating segment and in total for the fiscal years ended May 31:

	2011	2010	2009
Revenue:			
Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products	70.7%	72.4%	73.0%
Uniform Direct Sales	11.0%	11.0%	11.4%
First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services	9.9%	9.5%	10.0%
Document Management Services	8.4%	7.1%	5.6%
Total revenue	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales:			
Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products	56.8%	56.4%	56.7%
Uniform Direct Sales	69.8%	69.9%	75.2%
First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services	58.7%	61.1%	61.9%
Document Management Services	48.7%	48.6%	49.4%
Total cost of sales	57.8%	57.8%	58.9%
Gross margin:			
Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products	43.2%	43.6%	43.3%
Uniform Direct Sales	30.2%	30.1%	24.8%
First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services	41.3%	38.9%	38.1%
Document Management Services	51.3%	51.4%	50.6%
Total gross margin	42.2%	42.2%	41.1%
0.111	00.70/	00.00/	00 70/
Selling and administrative expenses	30.7%	30.6%	28.7%
Legal settlements, net of insurance proceeds	-	0.7%	-
Restructuring (credits) charges	-	- 0.1%	0.3%
Impairment of long- lived assets	- 0.40/	- 0.40/	1.3%
Interest income	- 0.1%	- 0.1%	- 0.1%
Interest expense	1.3%	1.4%	1.3%
Income before income taxes	10.3%	9.7%	9.6%

Fiscal 2011 Compared to Fiscal 2010

Fiscal 2011 total revenue was \$3.8 billion, an increase of 7.4% compared to fiscal 2010. Total revenue increased organically by 5.1%. The remaining 2.3% represents growth derived through acquisitions in our Document Management Services operating segment, our First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment and our Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment. Organic growth by quarter is shown in the table below.

	Organic Growth
	_
First Quarter Ending August 31, 2010	2.8%
Second Quarter Ending November 30, 2010	4.2%
Third Quarter Ending February 28, 2011	5.5%
Fourth Quarter Ending May 31, 2011	8.0%
For the Year Ending May 31, 2011	5.1%

Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment revenue consists predominantly of revenue derived from the rental of corporate identity uniforms and other garments including flame resistant clothing, and the rental and/or sale of mats, mops, shop towels, restroom supplies and other rental services. Revenue from the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment increased 4.8% compared to fiscal 2010. Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment revenue increased organically by 3.3% in fiscal 2011. This organic increase in the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment revenue was primarily due to improvements in sales representative productivity and improved customer retention. The remaining revenue growth of 1.5% was due to acquisitions made in this operating segment.

Other Services revenue, consisting of revenue from the reportable operating segments of Uniform Direct Sales, First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services and Document Management Services, increased 14.3% compared to fiscal 2010. The increase primarily resulted from an organic increase of 9.8% which was due to improved sales representative productivity, improved account retention and an increase in the average selling price of recycled paper. The remaining 4.5% represents growth derived through acquisitions in our Document Management Services operating segment and our First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment during fiscal 2011.

Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products increased 5.6% compared to fiscal 2010. Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products consists primarily of production expenses, delivery expenses and the amortization of in service inventory, including uniforms, mats, mops, shop towels and other ancillary items. The cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products increase compared to fiscal 2010 was due to increased Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment sales volume.

Cost of other services increased 11.8% compared to fiscal 2010. Cost of other services consists primarily of cost of goods sold (predominantly uniforms and first aid products), delivery expenses and distribution expenses in the Uniform Direct Sales operating segment, the First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment and the Document Management Services operating segment. The increase from fiscal 2010 was due to increased Other Services sales volume.

Selling and administrative expenses increased \$82.6 million, or 7.6%, compared to fiscal 2010. Labor and payroll tax expenses increased \$47.5 million compared to the prior fiscal year primarily as a result of an increase in the number of sales representatives. In addition, bad debt expense increased \$6.7 million due to a slight deterioration in the aging of receivables and professional services increased \$10.9 million due to costs related to our enterprise- wide system conversion.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2010, Cintas and the plaintiffs involved in the litigation, *Paul Veliz*, *et al. v. Cintas Corporation*, reached a settlement in principle. The pre- tax impact, net of insurance proceeds, was approximately \$19.5 million. This settlement is more fully described in Note 12 entitled Litigation and Other Contingencies in "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements." During the second quarter of fiscal 2010, Cintas had legal settlements that totaled \$4.0 million, net of insurance proceeds. None of these settlements were significant individually. These settlements included litigation related to multiple subjects including employment practices and insurance coverage.

Operating income of \$440.3 million in fiscal 2011 increased \$49.5 million, or 12.7%, compared to fiscal 2010. This increase was primarily due to increased revenue in fiscal 2011, improved capacity utilization and the legal settlements which occurred in the prior fiscal year.

Net interest expense (interest expense less interest income) increased \$0.8 million from the prior fiscal year. This increase was due to a \$1.1 million increase in interest expense caused by higher levels of borrowings in fiscal 2011 compared to fiscal 2010, offset by a \$0.3 million increase in interest income.

Income before income taxes was \$392.7 million, a 14.2% increase compared to fiscal 2010. This change reflects the increase in operating income offset by the increase in net interest expense described above.

Cintas' effective tax rate was 37.1% for fiscal 2011 as compared to 37.3% and 37.4% for fiscal 2010 and 2009, respectively (also see Note 7 entitled Income Taxes of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for more information on income taxes).

Net income for fiscal 2011 of \$247.0 million was a 14.5% increase compared to fiscal 2010, and diluted earnings per share of \$1.68 was a 20.0% increase compared to fiscal 2010. These changes reflect the items described above. The increase in diluted earnings per share of 20.0% is higher than the 14.5% increase in net income due to the impact of the 15.4 million shares of Cintas common stock repurchased during the fiscal year.

Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products Operating Segment

As discussed above, Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment revenue increased \$122.9 million, or 4.8%, and the cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products increased \$80.9 million, or 5.6%. The operating segment's fiscal 2011 gross margin was 43.2% of revenue compared to 43.6% in fiscal 2010. The reduction in gross margin as a percent of revenue over fiscal 2010 was due to a 15 basis point increase in maintenance costs and a 15 basis point increase in energy related costs, which include natural gas, electric and gas.

Selling and administrative expenses for the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment increased \$36.1 million in fiscal 2011 compared to fiscal 2010 primarily due to an increase in selling labor due to the addition of sales representatives. The sales representatives were primarily added during the third quarter of fiscal 2010 to grow revenue in the operating segment. Selling and administrative expenses as a percent of revenue, at 30.5%, slightly decreased from 30.6% in fiscal 2010. This slight decrease as a percent of revenue was due to higher volume.

Income before income taxes increased \$3.0 million to \$339.6 million for the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment for fiscal 2011 compared to fiscal 2010. This increase is primarily due to the increase in revenue offset by the increase in selling and administrative expenses discussed above.

Uniform Direct Sales Operating Segment

Uniform Direct Sales operating segment revenue increased \$32.9 million, or 8.5%, compared to fiscal 2010. Cost of uniform direct sales increased \$22.7 million, or 8.4%, compared to fiscal 2010. The gross margin as a percent of revenue was 30.2% for fiscal 2011, which is relatively consistent with the 30.1% in fiscal 2010.

Selling and administrative expenses increased \$2.0 million, or 2.6%, in fiscal 2011 compared to fiscal 2010. Selling and administrative expenses as a percent of revenue, at 18.7%, decreased from 19.7% in fiscal 2010. This decrease in selling and administrative expenses as a percent of revenue was due to the selling and administrative expenses being relatively consistent with fiscal 2010 while revenue increased by 8.5%.

Income before income taxes was \$48.3 million in fiscal 2011, an increase of \$8.2 million, or 20.3%, compared to fiscal 2010. The increase in income before income taxes is primarily due to the increase in revenue while keeping selling and administrative expenses relatively consistent.

First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services Operating Segment

First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment revenue increased \$39.0 million in fiscal 2011, an 11.5% increase compared to fiscal 2010. This increase primarily resulted from an organic increase of 7.3%, which is attributable to improved customer retention and sales representative productivity. The remaining 4.2% represents growth derived through acquisitions.

Cost of first aid, safety and fire protection services increased \$14.7 million, or 7.1%, in fiscal 2011, due primarily to increased First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment volume. Gross margin for the First Aid,

Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment is defined as revenue less cost of goods, warehouse expenses, service expenses and training expenses. The gross margin as a percent of revenue was 41.3% for fiscal 2011 compared to 38.9% in fiscal 2010. This increase is due to an increase in revenue and improved capacity utilization.

Selling and administrative expenses increased by \$16.3 million, or 13.8%, in fiscal 2011 compared to fiscal 2010 primarily due to an increase in the number of sales representatives and a \$2.4 million increase in bad debt expense due to a slight deterioration in the aging of receivables. Selling and administrative expenses as a percent of revenue, at 35.6%, increased from 34.9% in fiscal 2010.

Income before income taxes for the First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment was \$21.5 million in fiscal 2011 compared to \$13.4 million in fiscal 2010. This increase in income before income taxes was primarily due to the increase in First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment revenue and improved capacity utilization.

Document Management Services Operating Segment

Document Management Services operating segment revenue increased \$68.3 million for fiscal 2011, or 27.0%, over fiscal 2010. This increase primarily resulted from an organic increase of 15.3%. The organic increase is primarily due to the sale of destruction services to new customers and an increase in recycled paper revenue. This operating segment derives a portion of its revenue from the sale of shredded paper to paper recyclers. The average selling price from these paper sales increased by approximately 31% in fiscal 2011 compared to fiscal 2010. Excluding recycled paper revenue, this operating segment revenue grew 8.2% organically compared to last fiscal year. Acquisitions accounted for revenue growth of 11.7%.

Cost of document management services increased \$33.3 million, or 27.1%, for fiscal 2011 due to increased Document Management Services operating segment volume. Gross margin for the Document Management Services operating segment is defined as revenue less production and service costs. The gross margin as a percent of revenue was 51.3% for fiscal 2011, which is relatively consistent with the gross margin of 51.4% in fiscal 2010.

Selling and administrative expenses increased \$28.2 million in fiscal 2011 over fiscal 2010. This increase is primarily due to an increase in the number of sales representatives. Selling and administrative expenses as a percent of revenue was 41.7% for fiscal 2011 which is consistent with the 41.8% in fiscal 2010.

Income before income taxes for the Document Management Services operating segment was \$31.1 million, an increase of \$6.8 million compared to fiscal 2010. Income before income taxes was 9.7% of the operating segment's revenue which is consistent with 9.6% in fiscal 2010.

Fiscal 2010 Compared to Fiscal 2009

The economic downturn that occurred in fiscal 2009 continued throughout most of our fiscal 2010. The U.S. economy, which lost millions of jobs in our fiscal 2009, continued to lose jobs through the first three quarters of our fiscal 2010. These job losses directly affected our business as many of our products and services are dependent on customer employee levels. We were encouraged, though, that the rate of U.S. job loss lessened as we progressed through the first three quarters of fiscal 2010, and U.S. employment levels slightly increased in our fourth fiscal 2010

quarter. As this stabilization occurred in the general U.S. economic environment, our organic growth rate improved. Organic growth by quarter is shown in the table below.

•	Organic Growth
First Quarter Ending August 31, 2009	- 12.6%
Second Quarter Ending November 30, 2009	- 10.2%
Third Quarter Ending February 28, 2010	- 3.6%
Fourth Quarter Ending May 31, 2010	1.9%
For the Year Ending May 31, 2010	- 6.4%

Fiscal 2010 total revenue was \$3.5 billion, a decrease of 6.0% compared to fiscal 2009. Total revenue decreased organically by 6.4%. Fiscal 2010 had one more workday than fiscal 2009, and this additional workday in fiscal 2010 accounted for the difference between the total decrease of 6.0% and the organic decrease of 6.4%. As a result of the economic downturn discussed above, we experienced decreases in uniform revenue, both rented and purchased, and revenue for our hygiene products and first aid and safety products. In addition, the continued difficult economic environment in fiscal 2010 caused many of our customers to reduce facility spending on items such as entrance mats and shop towels and delay spending on facility upgrades, resulting in a reduction in our facility services and fire protection revenue.

Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment revenue consists predominantly of revenue derived from the rental of corporate identity uniforms and other garments including flame resistant clothing, and the rental and/or sale of mats, mops, shop towels, restroom supplies and other rental services. Revenue from the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment decreased 6.7% compared to fiscal 2009. Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment revenue decreased organically by 6.9% in fiscal 2010. The decrease in the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment revenue was primarily due to decreased uniform wearers caused in large part by the difficult U.S. economic environment in fiscal 2010. Fiscal 2010 had one more workday than fiscal 2009, which resulted in an increase in revenue of 0.4%.

Other Services revenue, consisting of revenue from the reportable operating segments of Uniform Direct Sales, First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services and Document Management Services, decreased 4.1% compared to fiscal 2009. Other Services revenue decreased organically by 5.2%. Decreases in Uniform Direct Sales operating segment revenue and First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment revenue were offset by increased revenue in our Document Management Services operating segment. Acquisitions in our First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment and our Document Management Services operating segment accounted for growth of 0.7% during fiscal 2010. Fiscal 2010 had one more workday than fiscal 2009, which resulted in an increase in revenue of 0.4%.

Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products decreased 7.2% compared to fiscal 2009. Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products consists primarily of production expenses, delivery expenses and the amortization of in service inventory, including uniforms, mats, mops, shop towels and other ancillary items. The cost decrease compared to fiscal 2009 was primarily driven by the volume decrease in the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment revenue. We also incurred a loss on inventory valuation of \$8.4 million in fiscal 2009 that did not reoccur in fiscal 2010 related to excess inventory levels.

Cost of other services decreased 9.3% compared to fiscal 2009. Cost of other services consists primarily of cost of goods sold (predominantly uniforms and first aid products), delivery expenses and distribution expenses in the Uniform Direct Sales operating segment, the First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment and the Document Management Services operating segment. The decrease from fiscal 2009 was due to the volume decrease in Other Services revenue. We also incurred a loss on inventory valuation of \$19.1 million in fiscal 2009 that did not reoccur in fiscal 2010 related to excess inventory levels.

Selling and administrative expenses increased \$3.7 million, or 0.3%, compared to fiscal 2009. This increase is primarily due to a \$9.6 million increase in medical expenses, an increase of \$6.2 million in professional services and depreciation mainly related to the implementation of a new enterprise- wide computer system, and a \$3.4 million increase in stock compensation expense, offset by a \$15.6 million reduction in bad debt expense.

Legal settlements, net of insurance proceeds, of \$23.5 million primarily related to a settlement in principle occurring in the first quarter of fiscal 2010 between Cintas and the plaintiffs involved in the litigation, *Paul Veliz, et al. v. Cintas Corporation*. The pre- tax impact, net of insurance proceeds, was approximately \$19.5 million. This settlement is more fully described in Note 12 entitled Litigation and Other Contingencies in "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

Operating income of \$390.8 million in fiscal 2010 decreased \$18.3 million, or 4.5%, compared to fiscal 2009. This decrease was primarily due to lower volumes resulting from the difficult U.S. economic environment in fiscal 2010.

Net interest expense (interest expense less interest income) decreased \$0.6 million from the prior fiscal year. This decrease was due to a \$1.1 million reduction in interest income caused by lower interest rates on Canadian treasury securities during fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009, offset by a decrease of \$1.6 million in interest expense caused by lower levels of borrowings in fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009.

Income before income taxes was \$343.9 million, a 4.9% decrease compared to fiscal 2009. This change reflects the decrease in operating income described above.

Cintas' effective tax rate was 37.3% for fiscal 2010 as compared to 37.4% and 36.8% for fiscal 2009 and 2008, respectively (also see Note 7 entitled Income Taxes of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for more information on income taxes).

Net income for fiscal 2010 of \$215.6 million was a 4.7% decrease compared to fiscal 2009, and diluted earnings per share of \$1.40 was a 5.4% decrease compared to fiscal 2009. These changes reflect the decrease in operating income and net interest expense described above

Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products Operating Segment

As discussed above, Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment revenue decreased \$185.7 million, or 6.7%, and the cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products decreased \$112.7 million, or 7.2%. The operating segment's fiscal 2010 gross margin was 43.6% of revenue compared to 43.3% in fiscal 2009. A fiscal 2009 loss on inventory valuation of \$8.4 million negatively affected the fiscal 2009 Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment gross margin by 30 basis points. Despite the lower volume, we were able to maintain the same gross margin (excluding the loss on inventory) as a percent of revenue due to lower material cost and due to cost reduction initiatives such as reducing both facility and route capacity resulting in lower depreciation, production labor and other facility related expenses.

Selling and administrative expenses for the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment as a percent of revenue, at 30.6%, increased 270 basis points from 27.9% in fiscal 2009. This increase was due to increased medical expense and an increase in selling labor due to the addition of sales representatives.

The restructuring credit amount of (\$2.9) million in fiscal 2010 represents a change in estimate related to restructuring charges taken in fiscal 2009. The change in estimate represents the difference between severance and other exit costs estimated based on information available in fiscal 2009 and severance and other exit costs actually paid in fiscal 2010.

Income before income taxes decreased \$34.0 million to \$336.5 million for the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment for fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009. This decrease is primarily due to the decrease in revenue described above combined with the increase in selling and administrative expenses.

Uniform Direct Sales Operating Segment

Uniform Direct Sales operating segment revenue decreased \$42.0 million, or 9.8%, compared to fiscal 2009. Cost of uniform direct sales decreased \$52.3 million, or 16.2%, compared to fiscal 2009. The gross margin as a percent of revenue of 30.1% for fiscal 2010 increased from 24.8% in fiscal 2009. A fiscal 2009 loss on inventory valuation of \$16.1 million negatively affected the fiscal 2009 Uniform Direct Sales operating segment gross margin by 370 basis points. Despite the lower volume in fiscal 2010, we were able to improve the gross margin as a percent of revenue due to cost reduction initiatives such as reducing distribution facility labor to adjust to the lower volumes and by sourcing improvements.

Selling and administrative expenses as a percent of revenue, at 19.7%, decreased from 22.9% in fiscal 2009. This decrease is due to cost reduction initiatives to adjust the selling labor to better align with the current volume level.

Income before income taxes was \$40.1 million in fiscal 2010, an increase of \$36.9 million compared to fiscal 2009. Fiscal 2009 income before income taxes included a loss on inventory valuation of \$16.1 million and a charge of \$4.6 million related to restructuring activities. Additionally, the increase in income before income taxes in fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009 is due primarily to cost reduction initiatives to reduce capacity, labor and other resources to better align with the current volume level.

First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services Operating Segment

First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment revenue decreased \$39.4 million in fiscal 2010, a 10.4% decrease compared to fiscal 2009. This operating segment's revenue decreased organically by 10.6%. The difficult U.S. economic environment, which included job losses in fiscal 2010 and reductions in facility spending, directly impacted this operating segment's revenue. Acquisitions accounted for an increase in revenue of 0.2%. Fiscal 2010 had one more workday than fiscal 2009, which resulted in an increase in revenue of 0.4%.

Cost of first aid, safety and fire protection services decreased \$27.0 million, or 11.5%, in fiscal 2010, due primarily to decreased First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment volume. Gross margin for the First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment is defined as revenue less cost of goods, warehouse expenses, service expenses and training expenses. The gross margin as a percent of revenue was 38.9% for fiscal 2010 compared to 38.1% in fiscal 2009. A fiscal 2009 loss on inventory valuation of \$3.0 million negatively affected the fiscal 2009 First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment gross margin by 80 basis points. Despite the lower volume, we were able to maintain the same gross margin (excluding the loss on inventory) as a percent of revenue due to the elimination of lower margin fire installation business throughout the course of fiscal 2010 and due to cost reduction initiatives resulting in lower labor related expenses.

Selling and administrative expenses decreased by \$8.8 million in fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009 primarily due to lower bad debt expense resulting from improved collection efforts. Selling and administrative expenses as a percent of revenue, at 34.9%, increased from 33.6% in fiscal 2009. This increase as a percent of revenue was due to lower volume.

Income before income taxes for the First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment was \$13.4 million in fiscal 2010 compared to \$15.9 million in fiscal 2009. This decrease was primarily due to the reduced volume in First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment.

Document Management Services Operating Segment

Document Management Services operating segment revenue increased \$39.8 million for fiscal 2010, or 18.6%, over fiscal 2009. This operating segment's organic growth for fiscal 2010 was 14.4% over fiscal 2009. The organic growth is primarily due to the sale of destruction services to new customers and an increase in recycled paper revenue. This operating segment derives a portion of its revenue from the sale of shredded paper to paper recyclers. The weighted average price of standard office paper, which accounts for the majority of the recycled

paper revenue, increased by 6.4% in fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009. Acquisitions accounted for revenue growth of 3.8%. Fiscal 2010 had one more workday than fiscal 2009, which resulted in an increase in revenue of 0.4%.

Cost of document management services increased \$17.7 million, or 16.8%, for fiscal 2010, due to increased Document Management Services operating segment volume. Gross margin for the Document Management Services operating segment is defined as revenue less production and service costs. The gross margin as a percent of revenue was 51.4% for fiscal 2010, an increase from 50.6% in fiscal 2009. This increase from fiscal 2009 is mainly due to the increase in recycled paper prices in fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009. Selling and administrative expenses as a percent of revenue was 41.8% for fiscal 2010 compared to 41.4% in fiscal 2009. This increase was due to an increase in selling labor due to the addition of sales representatives and increased medical expense.

Income before income taxes for the Document Management Services operating segment was \$24.3 million, an increase of \$4.9 million compared to fiscal 2009. Income before income taxes was 9.6% of the operating segment's revenue compared to 9.1% in fiscal 2009. This increase is due to the increase in the average price of standard office paper, offset by the increase in selling and administrative expenses.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The following is a summary of our cash flows and cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities as of and for the fiscal years ending May 31:

(In thousands)	2011	2010
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 340,886	\$ 565,654
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (298,593)	\$ (207,582)
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ (20,038)	\$ (76,509)
•		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$ 438,106	\$ 411,281
Marketable securities at the end of the period	\$ 87,220	\$ 154,806

The cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities as of May 31, 2011, include \$160.3 million that is located outside of the United States. We expect to use these amounts to fund our international operations and international expansion activities. The marketable securities at May 31, 2011, consist of Canadian treasury securities. We believe that our investment policy pertaining to marketable securities is conservative. The criterion used in making investment decisions is the preservation of principal, while earning an attractive yield.

Cash flows provided by operating activities have historically supplied us with a significant source of liquidity. We generally use these cash flows to fund most, if not all, of our operations and expansion activities and dividends on our common stock. We may also use cash flows provided by operating activities, as well as proceeds from long- term debt and short- term borrowings, to fund growth and expansion opportunities, as well as other cash requirements such as share buybacks.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$340.9 million for fiscal 2011, a decrease of \$224.8 million compared to fiscal 2010. Net cash provided by operating activities in fiscal 2010 benefited from lower working capital needs associated with our decreasing sales volumes and the accrual of approximately \$28.0 million in legal settlements. As sales volumes have increased in fiscal 2011, our working capital needs increased. Our operating cash flows were negatively impacted by the accounts receivable increase of \$49.0 million and the inventories, net and uniforms and other rental items in service increase of \$137.0 million, both due to the higher sales volume and a planned increase in inventory in anticipation of a planned enterprise- wide system conversion of the Cintas Global Supply Chain division. The average collection period at May 31, 2011 and 2010 was 42 days.

Net cash used in investing activities includes capital expenditures and cash paid for acquisitions of businesses. Capital expenditures were \$182.6 million and \$111.1 million for fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2010, respectively. These capital expenditures primarily relate to expansion efforts in Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products and Document Management Services operating segments and to our enterprise- wide system conversion. Capital expenditures for fiscal 2011 included \$108.6 million for the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment and \$45.6 million for the Document Management Services operating segment. Capital expenditures increased during fiscal 2011 over fiscal 2010 as economic conditions in the United States and Canada stabilized in 2010, providing better revenue growth opportunities. Cash paid for acquisitions of businesses was \$171.6 million and \$50.4 million for fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2010, respectively. The acquisitions in fiscal 2011 occurred in our Document Management Services, First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services and Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segments. The cash used for capital expenditures and acquisitions was offset by net proceeds from the redemption of marketable securities.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$20.0 million and \$76.5 million for fiscal 2011 and 2010, respectively. We completed the May 2, 2005 share buyback program by purchasing 7.7 million shares of Cintas common stock for a total of \$202.1 million of Cintas common stock by the end of September 30, 2010. On October 26, 2010, we announced that the Board of Directors authorized an additional \$500.0 million share buyback program at market prices. Beginning in April 2011, under this new program, we purchased 7.7 million shares of Cintas common stock for a purchase price of \$240.5 million which resulted in a total of \$442.5 million of Cintas common stock through May 31, 2011. We completed the October 26, 2010 share buyback program by purchasing an additional 8.1 million shares of Cintas common stock in June and July 2011 for \$259.5 million. From the inception of the October 26, 2010 share buyback program through July 29, 2011, Cintas has purchased a total of 15.8 million shares of Cintas common stock at an average price of \$31.70 per share for a total purchase price of \$500.0 million. For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2011, Cintas purchased approximately 47,000 shares of Cintas common stock in trade for employee payroll taxes due on restricted stock awards that vested during the fiscal year. These shares were purchased at an average price of \$23.88 per share for a total purchase price of approximately \$1.1 million.

We paid an annual cash dividend of \$71.8 million, or \$0.49 per share, in December 2010. On a per share basis, this dividend is an increase of 2.1% over the dividend paid in fiscal 2010. This marks the 28th consecutive year that Cintas has increased its annual dividend, every year since going public in 1983.

As of May 31, 2011, we had \$1,275.0 million in fixed rate senior notes outstanding with maturities ranging from 2012 to 2036. On May 18, 2011, Cintas issued \$250.0 million of senior notes due 2016 bearing an interest rate of 2.85% and an additional \$250.0 million of senior notes due 2021 bearing an interest rate of 4.30%. The interest on both tranches of these senior notes will be paid semi-annually beginning December 1, 2011. The net proceeds generated from the offerings were used to repay our outstanding commercial paper borrowings, purchase shares of Cintas common stock under the October 26, 2010 share buyback program and other general corporate purchases. We also have \$225.0 million of 10- year senior notes issued in fiscal 2002 at a rate of 6.0%, \$250.0 million of 30-year senior notes issued in fiscal 2007 at a rate of 6.15% and \$300.0 million of 10- year senior notes issued in fiscal 2008 at a rate of 6.125%. During fiscal 2010, Cintas initiated a \$7.5 million loan with PIDC Regional Center, LP for funding related to a facility being built in Philadelphia. It is a 5- year note with a 2.75% interest rate.

Cintas has a commercial paper program with capacity of \$300.0 million that is fully supported by a backup revolving credit facility through a credit agreement with its banking group. This revolving credit facility has an accordion feature that allows for a maximum borrowing capacity of \$450.0 million and an expiration date of September 26, 2014. We believe this program will be adequate to provide necessary funding for our future cash requirements. No commercial paper or borrowings on our revolving credit facility were outstanding at May 31, 2011 or 2010.

Cintas has certain covenants related to debt agreements. These covenants limit our ability to incur certain liens, to engage in sale-leaseback transactions and to merge, consolidate or sell all or substantially all of Cintas' assets.

These covenants also require Cintas to maintain certain debt to capitalization and interest coverage ratios. Cross- default provisions exist between certain debt instruments. If a default of a significant covenant were to occur, the default could result in an acceleration of the maturity of the indebtedness, impair liquidity and limit the ability to raise future capital. As of May 31, 2011, Cintas was in compliance with all significant debt covenants.

Our access to the commercial paper and long- term debt markets has historically provided us with sources of liquidity. We do not anticipate having difficulty in obtaining financing from those markets in the future in view of our favorable experiences in the debt markets in the recent past. Our ability to continue to access the commercial paper and long- term debt markets on favorable interest rate and other terms will depend, to a significant degree, on the ratings assigned by the credit rating agencies to our indebtedness. As of May 31, 2011, our ratings were as follows:

Rating Agency	Outlook	Commercial Paper	term Debt	
Standard & Poor's	Stable	A- 2	BBB+	
Moody's Investors Service	Stable	P- 1	A2	

In the event that the ratings of our commercial paper or our outstanding long- term debt issues were substantially lowered or withdrawn for any reason, or if the ratings assigned to any new issue of long- term debt securities were significantly lower than those noted above, particularly if we no longer had investment grade ratings, our ability to access the debt markets may be adversely affected. In addition, in such a case, our cost of funds for new issues of commercial paper and long- term debt would be higher than our cost of funds would have been had the ratings of those new issues been at or above the level of the ratings noted above. The rating agency ratings are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold our commercial paper or debt securities. Each rating may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating organization and should be evaluated independently of any other rating. Moreover, each credit rating is specific to the security to which it applies.

To monitor our credit rating and our capacity for long- term financing, we consider various qualitative and quantitative factors. One such factor is the ratio of our total debt to capitalization. For the purpose of this calculation, debt is defined as the sum of short- term borrowings, long- term debt due within one year, obligations under capital leases due in one year, long- term debt and long- term obligations under capital leases. Total capitalization is defined as debt plus shareholders' equity. At May 31, 2011 and May 31, 2010, the ratio of our total debt to capitalization was 35.8% and 23.7%, respectively. We believe these levels are reasonable and allow for additional funding if the need arises.

Long- Term Contractual Obligations

(In thousands)	Payments Due by Period					
	Total	Two to One year three Four to or less years five years		Four to five years	After five years	
Long- term debt (1)	\$1,286,125	\$ 1,335	\$ 233,810	\$ 697	\$1,050,283	
Operating leases (2)	106,809	29,612	42,716	23,848	10,633	
Interest payments (3)	675,357	69,162	110,170	109,679	386,346	
Interest swap agreements	-	-	-	-	-	
Unconditional purchase obligations	-	-	-	-	-	
Total long- term contractual cash obligations	\$2,068,291	\$ 100,109	\$ 386,696	\$ 134,224	\$1,447,262	

Cintas also makes payments to defined contribution plans. The amounts of contributions made to the defined contribution plans are made at the discretion of the Board of Directors of Cintas. Future contributions are expected to increase approximately 3% to 5% annually. Based on that increase, payments due in one year or less would be \$22.8 million, two to three years would be \$49.1 million and four to five years would be \$54.1 million. Payments for years thereafter are expected to continue increasing by approximately 5% each year.

- Long- term debt primarily consists of \$1,275.0 million in senior notes. Reference Note 5 entitled Long- Term Debt and Derivatives of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for a detailed discussion of long- term debt.
- Operating leases consist primarily of building leases.
- Interest payments include interest on both fixed and variable rate debt. Rates have been assumed to increase 50 basis points in fiscal 2012, increase 150 basis points in fiscal 2013, increase 125 basis points in fiscal 2014, increase 100 basis points in both fiscal 2015 and 2016 and increase an additional 50 basis points in each year thereafter.

Other Commitments

(In thousands)	Amount of Commitment Expiration per Period					
	One year Total or less		Two to three years	Four to five years	After five Years	
Lines of credit (1)	\$ 299,916	\$ -	\$	- \$ 299,916	\$ -	
Standby letters of credit (2)	82,720	82,720			-	
Guarantees	-	-			-	
Standby repurchase obligations	-	-			-	
Other commercial commitments	-	-			-	
Total other commitments	\$ 382,636	\$ 82,720	\$	- \$ 299,916	\$ -	

- Back- up facility for the commercial paper program (reference Note 5 entitled Long- Term Debt and Derivatives of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion).
- Support certain outstanding debt (reference Note 5 entitled Long- Term Debt and Derivatives of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements"), self- insured workers' compensation and general liability insurance programs.

Inflation and Changing Prices

(2)

Changes in wages, benefits and energy costs have the potential to materially impact Cintas' consolidated financial results. Management believes inflation has not had a material impact on Cintas' consolidated financial condition or a negative impact on results of operations.

Litigation and Other Contingencies

Cintas is subject to legal proceedings and claims arising from the ordinary course of its business, including personal injury, customer contract, environmental and employment claims. In the opinion of management, the aggregate liability, if any, with respect to such ordinary course of business actions will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position or results of operation of Cintas. Cintas is party to additional litigation not considered in the ordinary course of business. Please refer to "Part I, Item 3. Legal Proceedings" and Note 12 entitled Litigation and Other Contingencies of "Part II, Item 8. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for a detailed discussion of certain specific litigation.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of Cintas' consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and judgments that have a significant effect on the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. These critical accounting policies should be read in conjunction with Note 1 entitled Significant Accounting Policies of "Notes to

Consolidated Financial Statements." Significant changes, estimates or assumptions related to any of the following critical accounting policies could possibly have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Rental revenue, which is recorded in the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment, is recognized when services are performed. Other services revenue, which is recorded in the Uniform Direct Sales, First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services and Document Management Services operating segments, is recognized when either services are performed or when products are shipped and the title and risks of ownership pass to the customer.

Allowance for doubtful accounts

Cintas establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts. This allowance includes an estimate based on historical rates of collectability and allowances for specific accounts identified as uncollectible. The allowance that is an estimate based on historical rates of collectability is recorded for overdue amounts, beginning with a nominal percentage and increasing substantially as the account ages. The amount provided as the account ages will differ slightly between the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment and the three other operating segments because of differences in customers served and the nature of each operating segment.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first- in, first- out) or market. Cintas applies a commonly accepted practice of using inventory turns to apply variances between actual and standard costs to the inventory balances. The judgments and estimates used to calculate inventory turns will have an impact on the valuation of inventories at the lower of cost or market. An inventory obsolescence reserve is determined by specific identification, as well as an estimate based on historical rates of obsolescence.

Uniforms and other rental items in service

Uniforms and other rental items in service are valued at cost less amortization, calculated using the straight- line method. Uniforms in service (other than cleanroom and flame resistant clothing) are amortized over their useful life of 18 months. Other rental items including shop towels, mats, cleanroom garments, flame resistant clothing, linens and restroom dispensers are amortized over their useful lives, which range from 8 to 48 months. The amortization rates used are based on industry experience, Cintas' specific experience and wear tests performed by Cintas. These factors are critical to determining the amount of in service inventory that is presented in the consolidated financial statements.

Property and equipment

Depreciation is calculated using the straight- line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which is typically 30 to 40 years for buildings, 5 to 20 years for building improvements, 3 to 10 years for equipment and 2 to 15 years for leasehold improvements. When events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of long- lived assets may not be recoverable, the estimated undiscounted future cash flows are compared to the carrying amount of the assets. If the estimated undiscounted future cash flows are less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss is recorded based on the excess of the carrying amount of the assets over their respective fair values. Fair value is generally determined by discounted cash flows or based on prices of similar assets, as appropriate. Long- lived assets that are held for sale are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or the fair value, less estimated costs to sell.

Goodwill and impairment

Goodwill, obtained through acquisitions of businesses, is valued at cost less any impairment. Cintas completes an annual impairment test which includes the determination of the estimated fair value of its reporting units. This test includes comparisons to current market values, where available, and discounted cash flow analyses. Significant

assumptions include growth rates based on historical trends and margin improvement leveraged from such growth. The methodology used is consistent with prior years. Based on the results of the impairment tests, Cintas has not recognized an impairment of goodwill for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 or 2009.

Service contracts and other assets

Service contracts and other assets, which consist primarily of noncompete and consulting agreements obtained through acquisitions of businesses, are amortized by use of the straight line method over the estimated lives of the agreements, which are generally 5 to 10 years. Certain noncompete agreements, as well as all service contracts, require that a valuation be determined using a discounted cash flow model. The assumptions and judgments used in these models involve estimates of cash flows and discount rates, among other factors. Because of the assumptions used to value these intangible assets, actual results over time could vary from original estimates. Impairment of service contracts and other assets is accomplished through specific identification. No impairment has been recognized by Cintas for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 or 2009.

Stock- based compensation

Compensation expense is recognized for all share- based payments to employees, including stock options, in the consolidated statements of income based on the fair value of the awards that are granted. The fair value of stock options is estimated at the date of grant using the Black- Scholes option- pricing model. Measured compensation cost, net of estimated forfeitures, is recognized on a straight- line basis over the vesting period of the related share- based compensation award. See Note 11 entitled Stock- Based Compensation of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further information.

Litigation and environmental matters

Cintas is subject to legal proceedings and claims related to environmental matters arising from the ordinary course of business. U.S. GAAP requires that a liability for contingencies be recorded when it is probable that a liability has occurred and the amount of the liability can be reasonably estimated. Significant judgment is required to determine the existence of a liability, as well as the amount to be recorded. While a significant change in assumptions and judgments could have a material impact on the amounts recorded for contingent liabilities, Cintas does not believe that they will result in a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial statements.

A detailed discussion of litigation matters is discussed in Note 12 entitled Litigation and Other Contingencies of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

Income taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined by the differences between the consolidated financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities. See Note 7 entitled Income Taxes of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for the types of items that give rise to significant deferred income tax assets and liabilities. Deferred income taxes are classified as assets or liabilities based on the classification of the related asset or liability for financial reporting purposes. Deferred income taxes that are not related to an asset or liability for financial reporting are classified according to the expected reversal date. Cintas regularly reviews deferred tax assets for recoverability based upon projected future taxable income and the expected timing of the reversals of existing temporary differences. As a result of this review, Cintas has not established a valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets.

Cintas is periodically reviewed by domestic and foreign tax authorities regarding the amount of taxes due. These reviews include questions regarding the timing and amount of deductions and the allocation of income among various tax jurisdictions. In evaluating the exposure associated with various filing positions, Cintas records reserves as deemed appropriate. Based on Cintas' evaluation of current tax positions, Cintas believes its accruals are appropriate.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

Cintas manages interest rate risk by using a combination of variable and fixed rate debt and investing in marketable securities. Earnings are affected by changes in short- term interest rates due to investments in marketable securities and money market accounts and periodic issuances of commercial paper. If short- term rates changed by one- half percent (or 50 basis points), Cintas' income before income taxes would change by approximately \$1.5 million. This estimated exposure considers the effects on investments and the change in the cost of variable rate debt. This analysis does not consider the effects of a change in economic activity or a change in Cintas' capital structure.

Through its foreign operations, Cintas is exposed to foreign currency risk. Foreign currency exposures arise from transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency and from foreign denominated revenue and profit translated into U.S. dollars. Foreign denominated revenue and profit represents less than 10% of Cintas' consolidated revenue and profit. Cintas periodically uses foreign currency hedges such as average rate options and forward contracts to mitigate the risk of foreign currency exchange rate movements resulting from foreign currency revenue and from international cash flows. The primary foreign currency to which Cintas is exposed is the Canadian dollar.

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Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data Index to Consolidated Financial Statements

Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the Fiscal Years Ended May 31, 201	11, 2010 and 2009	
Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting	<u>31</u>	
Reports of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	<u>32</u>	
Consolidated Statements of Income	<u>34</u>	
Consolidated Balance Sheets	<u>35</u>	
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity		
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	<u>36</u>	
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Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

To the Shareholders of Cintas Corporation:

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Accordingly, even an effective system of internal control over financial reporting will provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation.

With the supervision of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, management assessed our internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2011. Management based its assessment on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Management's assessment included evaluation of such elements as the design and operating effectiveness of key financial reporting controls, process documentation, accounting policies and our overall control environment. This assessment is supported by testing and monitoring performed by our internal audit function.

Based on our assessment, management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of May 31, 2011, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external reporting purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

We reviewed the results of management's assessment with the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors. Additionally, our independent registered public accounting firm, Ernst & Young LLP, independently assessed the effectiveness of Cintas Corporation's internal control over financial reporting. Ernst & Young LLP has issued an attestation report, which is included in this Annual Report on Form 10- K.

/s/ <u>Scott D. Farmer</u>
Scott D. Farmer
Chief Executive Officer
/s/ <u>William C. Gale</u>
William C. Gale
Senior Vice President and Chief
Financial Officer

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Cintas Corporation:

We have audited Cintas Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2011, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the COSO criteria). Cintas Corporation's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Cintas Corporation maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2011. based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Cintas Corporation as of May 31, 2011 and 2010, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended May 31, 2011, of Cintas Corporation, and our report dated July 29, 2011, expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Cincinnati, Ohio July 29, 2011

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Cintas Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Cintas Corporation as of May 31, 2011 and 2010, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended May 31, 2011. Our audits also included the consolidated financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(a). These consolidated financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of Cintas Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Cintas Corporation at May 31, 2011 and 2010, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended May 31, 2011, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Cintas Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2011, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, and our report dated July 29, 2011, expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Cincinnati, Ohio July 29, 2011

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Table of Contents Consolidated **Statements of Income**

Fiscal Years Ended May 31,

(In thousands except per share data)		2011		2010		2009
Revenue:						
Rental uniforms and ancillary products	\$	2,692,248	\$	2,569,357	\$	2,755,015
Other services		1,118,136		977,982		1,019,670
		3,810,384		3,547,339		3,774,685
Costs and expenses:		, ,		, ,		
Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products		1,530,456		1,449,576		1,562,230
Cost of other services		670,641		599,946		661,584
Selling and administrative expenses		1,168,944		1,086,359		1,082,709
Legal settlements, net of insurance proceeds		-		23,529		-
Restructuring (credits) charges		-		(2,880)		10,209
Impairment of long- lived assets		-		-		48,888
Operating income	_	440,343		390,809		409,065
Interest income		(2,030)		(1,695)		(2,764)
Interest expense		49,704		48,612		50,236
Income before income taxes		392,669		343,892		361,593
Income taxes		145,680		128,272		135,236
moomo taxoo		1 10,000		120,272		100,200
Net income	\$	246,989	\$	215,620	\$	226,357
Basic earnings per share	\$	1.68	\$	1.40	\$	1.48
Diluted earnings per share	\$	1.68	\$	1.40	\$	1.48
	_		_		_	
Dividends declared and paid per share	\$	0.49	\$	0.48	\$	0.47
	Se	ee accompanyi	ng no	tes.		

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Table of Contents Consolidated Balance **Sheets**

As (of M	lay	31
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(In		
thousands		
except share		
data)	2011	2010

Assets				
Current				
assets:				
Cash and				
cash				
equivalents	\$	438,106	\$	411,281
Marketable				
securities		87,220		154,806
Accounts				
receivable,				
principally				
trade, less	¢17.057			
allowance of and	φ17,057			
\$14,297,				
respectively		429,131		362,219
Inventories,		723,101		502,215
net		249,658		169,484
Uniforms		0,000		.00,.0.
and other				
rental items				
in service		393,826		332,106
Income				
taxes,				
current		33,542		15,691
Deferred				
tax asset		45,813		52,415
Prepaid				
expenses		00.404		00.000
and other		23,481		22,860
Total				
current				
assets		1,700,777		1,520,862
Property				
and				
equipment,		0.40.040		004.500
at cost, net		946,218		894,522
Goodwill		1 407 000		1 256 025
Service		1,487,882		1,356,925
contracts,				
net		102,312		103,445
Other		102,012		100,440
assets, net		114,751		93,982
	<u> </u>	· ·	•	
	\$	4,351,940	\$	3,969,736
Liabilities				

Liabilities and Shareholders' **Equity** Current

liabilities:

Accounts payable	\$	110,279	ф.	71,747
Accrued	Ψ	110,213	Ψ	71,747
compensatio	n			
and related				
liabilities		79,834		66,924
Accrued		040.004		044 400
liabilities Long- term		242,691		244,402
debt due				
within one				
year		1,335		609
Total				
current				
liabilities		434,139		383,682
Long- term				
liabilities:				
Long- term				
debt due after one				
year		1,284,790		785,444
Deferred		, - ,		,
income				
taxes		196,321		150,560
Accrued liabilities		124 041		116.001
liabilities		134,041		116,021
Total long-				
term		4 045 450		4 050 005
liabilities	o'	1,615,152		1,052,025
Shareholders equity:	S			
Preferred				
stock, no				
par value:				
100,000				
shares				
authorized, none				
outstanding		-		_
Common				
stock, no				
par value:				
425,000,000 shares				
authorized				
2011: 173,3	46,180			
shares				
issued and	_			
137,583,884	1			
shares outstanding				
2010: 173,2	07.493			
shares	- ,			
issued and				
152,869,848	3			
shares outstanding		135,401		132,058
Paid- in		100,401		102,000
capital		95,732		84,616
Retained				
earnings		3,255,256		3,080,079
Treasury				
stock: 2011:				
35,762,296				
shares				
2010:		(1,242,547)		(798,857)
20,337,645				

shares			
Other			
accumulated			
comprehensi	ve		
income			
(loss):			
Foreign			
currency			
translation		70,214	42,870
Unrealized			
loss on			
derivatives		(12,326)	(6,997)
Other		919	260
T			
Total			
shareholders		0.000.040	0.504.000
equity		2,302,649	2,534,029
	\$	4,351,940 \$	3,969,736
	Ψ	- ,υυι,υ 4 υ φ	0,303,730

See accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity

		Other								
	Common Stock		Paid- In Retained			Accumulated Comprehensive		ry Stock	Total Shareholders'	
(In thousands)	Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings		Income (Loss)	Shares	Amount	Equity	
Balance at June 1, 2008	173,083	\$129.182	\$60.408	\$2,784,302	\$	52,280	(19,392)	\$ (772,041)	\$ 2,254,131	
·	-,	, , ,	*,		,	. ,	(-, ,	, , , , ,		
Net income Equity adjustment for foreign currency translation	-	-	-	226,357		(27,701)	-	-	226,357 (27,701)	
Change in fair value of derivatives, net of \$94 of tax	-	_	-	-		(159)	_	-	(159)	
Amortization of interest rate lock agreements	-	-	-	-		767	-	-	767	
Change in fair value of available- for- sale securities, net of \$50 of tax	-	-	-	-		112	-	-	112	
Comprehensive income, net of tax Dividends	-	-	-	(72,207)		-	-	-	199,376 (72,207)	
Stock- based compensation Stock options exercised, net of shares	-	-	11,953	-		-	-	-	11,953	
surrendered	3	-	_	-		-	-	-	-	
Repurchase of common stock	-	-	-	-		-	(904)	(25,847)	(25,847)	
Other	-	33	3	(33)		-	-	-	3	
Balance at May 31, 2009	173,086	129,215	72,364	2,938,419		25,299	(20,296)	(797,888)	2,367,409	
Net income	-	-	-	215,620		-	-	-	215,620	
Equity adjustment for foreign currency translation	-	-	-	-		9,365	-	-	9,365	
Change in fair value of derivatives, net of (\$260) of tax benefit Amortization of interest rate lock	-	-	-	-		443	-	-	443	
agreements Change in fair value of available- for-	-	-	-	-		767	-	-	767	
sale securities, net of (\$14) of tax benefit	-	-	-	-		(28)	-	-	(28)	
Comprehensive income, net of tax Dividends	-	-	-	(73,960)		-	-	<u>-</u>	226,167 (73,960)	
Stock- based compensation	-	-	15,349	-		-	-	-	15,349	
Vesting of stock- based compensation awards	121	2,843	(2,843)	_		_	_	_	_	
Repurchase of common stock	-		(2,010)	-		-	(42)	(969)	(969)	
Other	-	-	(254)	-		287	-	-	33	
Balance at May 31, 2010	173,207	132,058	84,616	3,080,079		36,133	(20,338)	(798,857)	2,534,029	
Net income	-	-	-	246,989		-	-	-	246,989	
Equity adjustment for foreign currency translation Change in fair value of derivatives, net	-	-	-	-		27,344	-	-	27,344	
of \$3,813 of tax Amortization of interest rate lock	-	-	-	-		(6,096)	-	-	(6,096)	
agreements Change in fair value of available- for-	-	-	-	-		767	-	-	767	
sale securities, net of \$0 of tax benefit Comprehensive income, net of tax	-	-	-	- -		3	-	-	269,007	
Dividends Stock- based compensation	-	-	- 15,203	(71,812) -		-	-	-	(71,812) 15,203	
Vesting of stock- based compensation	100	0.040	(0.040)							
awards Repurchase of common stock Other	139	3,343	(3,343) - (744)	- -		- - 656	(15,424)	(443,690)	(443,690) (88)	
Balance at May 31, 2011	173,346	\$135,401		\$3,255,256	\$	58,807	(35,762)	\$(1,242,547)		

See accompanying notes.

Table of Contents Consolidated **Statements of Cash Flows**

Fiscal Years Ended May 31,

	Fiscal Years Ended May 31,								
(In thousands)	2011	2010	2009						
0 1 (1									
Cash flows from									
operating									
activities:									
Net income	\$ 246,989	\$ 215,620	\$ 226,357						
Adjustments									
to reconcile net income									
to net cash									
provided by									
operating									
activities:	150,000	150.050	157 570						
Depreciation Amortization	150,886	152,059	157,572						
of deferred									
charges	42,581	41,082	42,534						
Impairment									
of long- lived assets			40 000						
Stock-	_		48,888						
based									
compensation	15,203	15,349	11,953						
Deferred									
income taxes	47,908	13,295	(1,174)						
Change in	+1,500	10,233	(1,177)						
current									
assets and									
liabilities, net of									
acquisitions									
of									
businesses:									
Accounts									
receivable, net	(48,986)	5,222	71,149						
Inventories,	(10,000)	0,222	71,110						
net	(78,824)	30,293	35,136						
Uniforms									
and other rental items									
in service	(58,180)	4,164	29,661						
Prepaid	, , ,	·	,						
expenses	360	3,715	(4,949)						
Accounts payable	29,215	8,939	(24,560)						
Accrued	29,213	0,939	(24,300)						
compensation									
and									
related	10.400	10.000	(0.040)						
liabilities Accrued	12,493	18,393	(2,012)						
liabilities									
and other	(2,167)	47,528	(28,991)						
Income									
taxes,	(16 E00)	0.005	(20.040)						
current	(16,592)	9,995	(38,042)						

Net cash			
provided by			
operating			
activities	340,886	565,654	523,522
Cash flows from			
investing			
activities:			
Capital			
expenditures	(182,592)	(111,078)	(160,092)
Proceeds			
from			
redemption			
of			
marketable securities	120.056	24 710	116 422
Purchase of	139,056	34,712	116,433
marketable			
securities			
and			
investments	(78,307)	(81,269)	(128,402)
Acquisitions			
of			
businesses,			
net of cash acquired	(171,552)	(50,444)	(30,909)
Other	(5,198)	(30,444)	(251)
	(0,100)	107	(201)
Net cash			
used in			
investing activities	(298,593)	(207 592)	(203,221)
Cash flows	(290,393)	(207,582)	(203,221)
from			
financing			
activities:			
Proceeds			
from			
issuance of			
debt	1,002,281	-	7,500
Repayment of debt	(502,208)	(603)	(164,649)
Dividends	(302,208)	(003)	(104,049)
paid	(71,812)	(73,960)	(72,207)
Repurchase	(/ 1,012)	(, 0,000)	(:=,==:)
of common			
stock	(443,690)	(969)	(25,847)
Other	(4,609)	(977)	855
Net cash			
used in			
financing			
activities	(20,038)	(76,509)	(254,348)
Effect of			
exchange			
rate			
changes on			
cash and cash			
equivalents	4,570	(27)	(2,432)
•	1,070	(=1)	(2,702)
Net increase			
in cash and			
cash	06.005	001 500	60 504
equivalents Cash and	26,825	281,536	63,521
cash			
equivalents			
at beginning			
of year	411,281	129,745	66,224
o. you.			

Cash and
cash
equivalents
at end of
vear

\$ 438,106 \$ 411,281 \$ 129,745

See accompanying notes.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Business description. Cintas Corporation (Cintas) provides highly specialized products and services to businesses of all types primarily throughout North America, as well as Latin America, Europe and Asia. Cintas is North America's leading provider of corporate identity uniforms through rental and sales programs, as well as a significant provider of related business services, including entrance mats, restroom cleaning services and supplies, carpet and tile cleaning services, first aid, safety and fire protection products and services, document management services and branded promotional products. Cintas' products and services are designed to enhance its customers' images and to provide additional safety and protection in the workplace.

Cintas classifies its businesses into four operating segments based on the types of products and services provided. The Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment consists of the rental and servicing of uniforms and other garments including flame resistant clothing, mats, mops and shop towels and other ancillary items. In addition to these rental items, restroom cleaning services and supplies and carpet and tile cleaning services are also provided within this operating segment. The Uniform Direct Sales operating segment consists of the direct sale of uniforms and related items and branded promotional products. The First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment consists of first aid, safety and fire protection products and services. The Document Management Services operating segment consists of document destruction, document imaging and document retention services.

Principles of consolidation. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Cintas controlled majority- owned subsidiaries and any entities over which Cintas has control (collectively, Cintas). Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated as appropriate.

Use of estimates. The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue recognition. Rental revenue, which is recorded in the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment, is recognized when services are performed. Other Services revenue, which is recorded in the Uniform Direct Sales, First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services and Document Management Services operating segments, is recognized when either services are performed or when products are shipped and the title and risks of ownership pass to the customer.

Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products. Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products consists primarily of production expenses, delivery expenses and the amortization of in service inventory, including uniforms, mats, mops, shop towels and other ancillary items. The Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment inbound freight charges, purchasing and receiving costs, inspection costs, warehousing costs and other costs of distribution are included in the cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products.

Cost of other services. Cost of other services consists primarily of cost of goods sold (predominantly uniforms and first aid products), delivery expenses and distribution expenses. Cost of other services includes inbound freight charges, purchasing and receiving costs, inspection costs, warehousing costs and other costs of distribution.

Selling and administrative expenses. Selling and administrative expenses consist primarily of sales labor and commissions, management and administrative labor, payroll taxes, medical expense, insurance expense, legal and professional costs and amortization of finite- lived intangible assets.

Restructuring charges. During fiscal 2009, Cintas management initiated certain restructuring activities to eliminate excess capacity and reduce its cost structure. Cintas recorded restructuring charges of \$7.9 million in employee termination costs and \$2.3 million in other exit costs for a total of \$10.2 million. In fiscal 2010, Cintas recorded a change in estimate of (\$1.4) million in employee termination costs and (\$1.5) million in other exit costs for a total restructuring credit of (\$2.9) million.

Cash and cash equivalents. Cintas considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less, at date of purchase, to be cash equivalents.

Marketable securities. Marketable securities are comprised of fixed income securities and are classified as available- for- sale.

Accounts receivable. Accounts receivable is comprised of amounts owed through product shipments and services provided and is presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance is an estimate based on historical rates of collectability and allowances for specific accounts identified as uncollectible. The allowance that is an estimate based on historical rates of collectability is recorded for overdue amounts, beginning with a nominal percentage and increasing substantially as the account ages. The amount provided as the account ages will differ slightly between the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment and the three other operating segments because of differences in customers served and the nature of each operating segment. When an account is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance.

Inventories. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first- in, first- out) or market. Inventory is comprised of the following amounts: (In thousands) **2011** 2010

Raw materials	\$ 16,900	\$ 13,058
Work in process	18,907	11,522
Finished goods	213,851	144,904
	\$ 249.658	\$ 169.484

Inventories are recorded net of reserves for obsolete inventory of \$30.7 million and \$32.5 million as of May 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Uniforms and other rental items in service. These items are valued at cost less amortization, calculated using the straight- line method. Uniforms in service (other than cleanroom and flame resistant clothing) are amortized over their useful life of 18 months. Other rental items, including shop towels, mats, mops, cleanroom garments, flame resistant clothing, linens and restroom dispensers, are amortized over their useful lives which range from 8 to 48 months.

(In thousands)

Property and equipment. Property and equipment is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated using the straight- line method primarily over the following estimated useful lives, in years:

	30 to
Buildings	40
	5 to
Building improvements	20
	3 to
Equipment	10
	2 to
Leasehold improvements	15

Long-lived assets. When events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of long-lived assets may not be recoverable, the estimated undiscounted future cash flows are compared to the carrying amount of the assets. If the estimated undiscounted future cash flows are less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss is recorded based on the excess of the carrying amount of the assets over their respective fair values. Fair value is generally determined by discounted cash flows or based on prices of similar assets, as appropriate. Long-lived assets that are held for sale are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or the estimated fair value, less estimated costs to sell.

The fiscal 2009 charge of \$48.9 million in long- lived asset impairment costs included \$25.8 million in land and buildings of which \$10.9 million related to assets held for sale, \$18.2 million in equipment and \$4.8 million in long- lived other assets. The fair value was determined primarily by using market quoted prices and other prices quoted for similar assets and discounted cash flow models.

Goodwill. Goodwill is separately disclosed from other intangible assets on the consolidated balance sheet and not amortized. Cintas completes an annual goodwill impairment test which includes the determination of the estimated fair value of its reporting units. The methodology used is consistent with prior years. Based on the results of the annual impairment test, Cintas was not required to recognize an impairment of goodwill for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 or 2009. Cintas will continue to perform future impairment tests as of March 1 in future years and when indicators of impairment are noted.

Service contracts and other assets. Service contracts and other assets, which consist primarily of noncompete and consulting agreements obtained through acquisitions of businesses, are amortized by use of the straight- line method over the estimated lives of the agreements, which are generally 5 to 10 years.

Accrued liabilities. Current accrued liabilities are recorded when it is probable that a liability has occurred and the amount of the liability can be reasonably estimated. Current accrued liabilities include the following amounts:

(in thousands)	2011	2010
General insurance liabilities	\$ 58,892	\$ 50,480
Employee benefit related liabilities	48,827	47,754
Legal settlements	1,195	30,448
Taxes and related liabilities	18,886	22,403
Accrued interest	21,224	20,762
Other	93,667	72,555
	\$ 242,691	\$ 244,402

Long- term accrued liabilities consists primarily of reserves associated with unrecognized tax benefits, which are described in more detail in Note 7 entitled Income Taxes, and retirement obligations.

Stock- based compensation. Compensation expense is recognized for all share- based payments to employees, including stock options, in the consolidated statements of income based on the fair value of the awards that are granted. The fair value of stock options is estimated at the date of grant using the Black- Scholes option- pricing model. Measured compensation cost, net of estimated forfeitures, is recognized on a straight- line basis over the vesting period of the related share- based compensation award.

Derivatives and hedging activities. Cintas formally documents all relationships between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. Derivatives are recorded at fair value on the consolidated balance sheet, and gains and losses are recorded as adjustments to earnings or other comprehensive income, as appropriate.

2. Fair Value Measurements

Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standard Codification (ASC) Topic 820 defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It also establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. This hierarchy requires entities to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. This includes certain pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies and similar techniques that use significant unobservable inputs.

In instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the entire fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. Cintas' assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

In order to meet the requirements of ASC 820, Cintas utilizes two basic valuation approaches to determine the fair value of its assets and liabilities required to be recorded on a recurring basis at fair value. The first approach is the cost approach. The cost approach is generally the value a market participant would expect to replace the respective asset or liability. The second approach is the market approach. The market approach looks at what a market participant would consider valuing an exact or similar asset or liability to that of Cintas, including those traded on exchanges.

All financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (at least annually) have been segregated into the most appropriate level within the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used to determine the fair value

at the consolidated balance sheet date. These financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

(In thousands)

As of May 31, 2011

		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3			Fair Value
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	438,106	\$	-	\$		-	\$	438,106
Marketable securities:									
Canadian treasury securities		61,142		26,078			-		87,220
Total assets at fair value	\$	499,248	\$	26,078	\$		-	\$	525,326
Current accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	869	\$		_	\$	869
Total liabilities at fair value	\$	-	\$	869	\$		-	\$	869
(In thousands)				As of Mag	/ 31	, 2010			
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		F	air Value
	•								
Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities:	\$	411,281	\$	-	\$		-	\$	411,281
U.S. municipal bonds		-		21,954			-		21,954
Canadian treasury securities		97,791		35,061			-		132,852
Accounts receivable, net		-		450			-		450
			_	E7 40E	Φ		_	\$	
Total assets at fair value	\$	509,072	\$	57,465	\$		-	Ψ	566,537
	\$	509,072	\$ \$	64			_	\$	566,537

Cintas' cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities are generally classified within Level 1 or Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy because they are valued using quoted market prices, broker or dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources with reasonable levels of price transparency. The types of financial instruments based on quoted market prices in active markets include most bank deposits, money market securities and certain Canadian treasury securities. Such instruments are generally classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. Cintas does not adjust the quoted market price for such financial instruments.

The types of financial instruments valued based on quoted market prices in markets that are not active, broker or dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources with reasonable levels of price transparency include certain Canadian treasury securities (primarily agency debt obligations) and U.S. municipal bonds. The primary inputs to value Cintas' marketable securities is the respective instruments future cash flows based on its stated yield and the amount a market participant would pay for a similar instrument. The valuation technique used for Cintas' marketable securities classified within Level 2 of the fair market value hierarchy is primarily the market approach. Primarily all of Cintas' marketable securities are actively traded and the recorded fair value reflects current market conditions. However, due to the inherent volatility in the investment market, there is at least a possibility that recorded investment values may change in the near term.

The funds invested in Canadian marketable securities are not expected to be repatriated, but instead are expected to be invested indefinitely in foreign subsidiaries. Interest, realized gains and losses and declines in value determined to be other than temporary on available- for- sale securities are included in interest income or expense.

The cost of the securities sold is based on the specific identification method. The amortized cost basis of the marketable securities as of May 31, 2011 and 2010 is \$87.3 million and \$154.9 million, respectively. Purchases of marketable securities were \$62.7 million, \$64.4 million and \$122.7 million for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. All contractual maturities are due within one year.

Accounts receivable, net and current accrued liabilities include foreign currency average rate options and forward contracts. The fair value of Cintas' foreign currency average rate options and forward contracts are based on similar exchange traded derivatives (market approach) and are, therefore, included within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The methods described above may produce a fair value that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while Cintas believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the consolidated balance sheet date.

Cintas' non- financial assets and liabilities not permitted or required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis primarily relate to assets and liabilities acquired in a business acquisition. Cintas is required to provide additional disclosures about fair value measurements as part of the consolidated financial statements for each major category of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non- recurring basis (including business acquisitions). Based on the nature of Cintas' business acquisitions, which occur regularly throughout the fiscal year, the majority of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed consist of working capital, primarily valued using Level 2 inputs, property and equipment, also primarily valued using Level 2 inputs and goodwill and other identified intangible assets valued using Level 3 inputs. In general, non- recurring fair values determined by Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, which generally are not applicable to non- financial assets and liabilities. Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs utilize data points that are observable, such as definitive sales agreements, appraisals or established market values of comparable assets. Fair values determined by Level 3 inputs are unobservable data points for the asset or liability and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability, such as internal estimates of future cash flows.

3. Property and Equipment

(In thousands)	2011		2010
			_
Land	\$ 103,8	38 \$	101,374
Buildings and improvements	484,2	54	471,592
Equipment	1,334,9	43	1,178,181
Leasehold improvements	21,7	63	17,176
Construction in progress	97,5	98	88,769
	2,042,3	96	1,857,092
Less: accumulated depreciation	1,096,1	78	962,570
	\$ 946,2	18 \$	894,522

Interest expense is net of capitalized interest of \$2.2 million, \$2.2 million and \$2.3 million for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

4. Goodwill, Service Contracts and Other Assets
Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill and service contracts for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011 and 2010, by operating segment, are as follows:

Goodwill (in thousands)	l	Rental Jniforms & Ancillary Products	-	Uniform Direct Sales		First Aid, Safety & Fire Protection		ocument anagement	-	Γotal	
Balance as of June 1, 2009	\$	861,879		23,891	\$	166,872	\$	278,746		31,388	
Goodwill (adj.) acquired Foreign currency translation		(1,401) 639		37		15,095 -		12,528 (1,361)		26,222 (685	
Balance as of May 31, 2010 Goodwill acquired Foreign currency translation	\$	861,117 80,699 1,361	\$	23,928 - 67	\$	181,967 10,977	\$	289,913 33,196 4,657		56,925 24,872 6,085	
Balance as of May 31, 2011	\$	943,177	\$	23,995	\$	192,944	\$	327,766	\$1,4	87,882	
Service Contracts (in thousands	s)	Rent Uniforn Ancilli Produ	ns & ary	Unifo Dire Sale	ect	First A Safet Fir Protec	y & e	Docum Managei		То	tal
Balance as of June 1, 2009 Service contracts acquired		\$ 65	,897	\$		•	,042 ,897	•	,391 ,500	•	,330 ,397
Service contracts acquired Service contracts amortization Foreign currency translation		(18	,081 895	,			,340) -	(7	,545) (211)		,966, 684
Balance as of May 31, 2010 Service contracts acquired Service contracts amortization Foreign currency translation		13 (19	,711 ,090 ,081 ,908)		- 7	,599 ,498 ,219)	10	,135 ,288 ,200) 583	30 (34	3,445 0,876 1,500 2,491
Balance as of May 31, 2011			,628			- \$ 35	,878	\$ 21	,806	\$ 102	2,312

(1)

Information regarding Cintas' service contracts and other assets is as follows:

As of May 31, 2011

				• •	
(In thousands)		Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization		Net
Service contracts	\$	379,967	\$	277,655	\$ 102,312
Noncompete and consulting agreements	\$	76,091	\$	63,982	\$ 12,109
Investments (1)		84,197		-	84,197
Other		23,135		4,690	18,445
Total	\$	183,423	\$	68,672	\$ 114,751
	_				
			A	s of May 31, 2010	
(le Negro en de)		Carrying		Accumulated	Niet
(In thousands)		Amount		Amortization	Net
Service contracts	\$	346,569	\$	243,124	\$ 103,445
	_				
Noncompete and consulting agreements	\$	68,435	\$	53,425	\$ 15,010
Investments (1)		68,616		-	68,616
Other		14,598		4,242	10,356
Total	\$	151,649	\$	57,667	\$ 93,982

Investments at May 31, 2011, include the cash surrender value of insurance policies of \$51.1 million, equity method investments of \$30.2 million and cost method investments of \$2.9 million. Investments at May 31, 2010, include the cash surrender value of insurance policies of \$34.3 million, equity method investments of \$30.0 million and cost method investments of \$4.3 million.

Amortization expense was \$42.6 million, \$41.1 million and \$42.5 million for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Estimated amortization expense, excluding any future acquisitions, for each of the next five years is \$36.9 million, \$20.1 million, \$16.8 million, \$14.1 million and \$8.9 million, respectively.

Investments recorded using the cost method are evaluated for impairment on an annual basis or when indicators of impairment are identified. For fiscal 2011 and 2010, no losses due to impairment were recorded.

5. Long- Term Debt and Derivatives

(In thousands)	2011	2010
Unsecured term notes due through 2036 at an average rate of 5.10%	\$ 1,286,125 \$	786,053
Less: amounts due within one year	1,335	609
	\$ 1,284,790 \$	785,444

Letters of credit outstanding were \$82.7 million and \$95.9 million at May 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Maturities of long-term debt during each of the next five years are \$1.3 million, \$225.6 million, \$8.2 million, \$0.5 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.

Interest paid was \$49.2 million, \$48.6 million and \$49.9 million for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Cintas has a commercial paper program with a capacity of \$300.0 million that is fully supported by a backup revolving credit facility through a credit agreement with its banking group. The revolving credit facility has an accordion feature that allows for a maximum borrowing capacity of \$450.0 million and an expiration date of September 26, 2014. No commercial paper or borrowings on our revolving credit facility were outstanding at May 31, 2011 or 2010.

On May 18, 2011, Cintas issued \$250.0 million of senior notes due 2016 bearing an interest rate of 2.85% and an additional \$250.0 million of senior notes due 2021 bearing an interest rate of 4.30%. The interest on both tranches of these senior notes will be paid semi- annually beginning December 1, 2011. The net proceeds generated from the offerings were used to repay our outstanding commercial paper borrowings, purchase shares of Cintas common stock under the October 26, 2010 share buyback program and other general corporate purchases.

Cintas used interest rate lock agreements to hedge against movements in the treasury rates at the time Cintas issued its senior notes in fiscal 2002, 2007 and 2008. The amortization of the cash flow hedges resulted in a credit to other comprehensive income of \$0.8 million for each of the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009. Cintas also entered into an interest rate lock agreement to hedge against the movement in the treasury rate at the time Cintas issued its senior notes in fiscal 2011, as discussed above. This interest rate lock agreement will begin amortization in fiscal 2012 based on the timing of the fiscal 2011 offering.

To hedge the exposure of movements in the foreign currency rates, Cintas uses foreign currency hedges. These hedges reduce the impact on cash flows from movements in the foreign currency exchange rates. Examples of foreign currency hedge instruments that Cintas may use are average rate options and forward contracts. Cintas did not have average rate options included in accounts receivable at May 31, 2011, and had \$0.5 million of average rate options included in accounts receivable at May 31, 2010. Cintas also had average rate options and forward contracts included in current accrued liabilities of \$0.9 million and less than \$0.1 million at May 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. These instruments increased foreign currency exchange loss by \$0.3 million and \$0.5 million during fiscal 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Cintas has certain covenants related to debt agreements. These covenants limit Cintas' ability to incur certain liens, to engage in sale-leaseback transactions and to merge, consolidate or sell all or substantially all of Cintas' assets. These covenants also require Cintas to maintain certain debt to capitalization and interest coverage ratios. Cross default provisions exist between certain debt instruments. Cintas is in compliance with all of the significant debt covenants for all periods presented. If a default of a significant covenant were to occur, the default could result in an acceleration of the maturity of the indebtedness, impair liquidity and limit the ability to raise future capital.

6. Leases

Cintas conducts certain operations from leased facilities and leases certain equipment. Most leases contain renewal options for periods from 1 to 10 years. The lease agreements provide for increases in rent expense if the options are exercised based on increases in certain price level factors or other prearranged factors. Step rent provisions, escalation clauses, capital improvements funding and other lease concessions are taken into account in computing minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are recognized on a straight- line basis over the minimum lease term. Lease payments are not dependent on an existing index or rate and are not included in minimum lease payments. It is anticipated that expiring leases will be renewed or replaced.

The minimum rental payments under noncancelable lease arrangements for each of the next five years and thereafter are \$29.6 million, \$24.0 million, \$18.7 million, \$14.0 million, \$9.9 million and \$10.6 million, respectively.

Rent expense under operating leases during the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, was \$45.7 million, \$38.0 million and \$37.9 million, respectively.

7. Income Taxes

7. Income Taxes						
(In thousands)		2011		2010		2009
Income before income taxes consist of the following components	,,					
U.S.	,. \$	277 022	Ф	215 717	Ф	222 962
operations Foreign	Ф	377,922	Ф	315,717	\$	332,863
operations	\$	14,747	Ф	28,175	Ф	28,730
	Φ	392,669	\$	343,892	\$	361,593
(In thousands)		2011		2010		2009
Income taxes consist of the following components Current:	S :					
Federal	\$	70,811	\$	106,389	\$	135,909
State and local		15,063		12,909		18,962
		85,874		119,298		154,871
Deferred		59,806		8,974		(19,635)
	\$	145,680	\$	128,272	\$	135,236
(In thousands)		2011		2010		2009
Reconciliation of income tax expense using the statutory rate and actual income tax expense is as follows: Income taxes at	on					
taxes at the U.S. federal statutory rate	\$	137,434	\$	120,362	\$	126,558
		11,984		8,631		9,062

State and local income taxes, net of federal			
benefit Other	(3,738)	(721)	(384)
	\$ 145,680 \$	128,272 \$	135,236

The components of deferred income taxes included on the consolidated balance sheets are as follows:

(In

thousands) 2011 2010

Deferred tax				
assets:				
Allowance				
for doubtful				
accounts	\$	5,630	\$	4,890
Inventory				
obsolescence		11,204		12,381
Insurance and				
contingencies		19,121		16,148
Stock- based				
compensation		12,585		9,954
Other		15,065		20,622
		20.005		00.005
D ()		63,605		63,995
Deferred tax				
liabilities:				
In service		10.100		0.440
inventory		10,108		8,416
Property		118,413		81,634
Intangibles		77,910		65,868
State taxes		7 000		0.000
and other		7,682		6,222
		214,113		162,140
Net deferred	Φ	450 500	ф	00 445
tax liability	\$	150,508	\$	98,145

Income taxes paid were \$105.8 million, \$103.8 million and \$187.2 million for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries were approximately \$222.0 million, \$198.3 million and \$181.6 million for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively, for which deferred taxes have not been provided. Such earnings are considered indefinitely invested in the foreign subsidiaries. If such earnings were repatriated, additional tax expense may result.

Accounting for uncertain tax positions requires the determination of whether tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Companies may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position should be measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement.

As of May 31, 2011 and 2010, there was \$18.8 million and \$27.8 million, respectively, in total unrecognized tax benefits, which, if recognized, would favorably impact Cintas' effective tax rate. Cintas recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits and penalties in income tax expense in the consolidated statements of income, which is consistent with the recognition of these items in prior reporting periods. The total amount accrued for interest and penalties as of May 31, 2011 and 2010, was \$9.1 million and \$15.7 million, respectively. Cintas records this tax liability as current and long- term accrued liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets, as appropriate.

In the normal course of business, Cintas provides for uncertain tax positions and the related interest, and adjusts its unrecognized tax benefits and accrued interest accordingly. Unrecognized tax benefits related to continuing operations increased by \$6.4 million in fiscal 2011, increased by \$0.9 million in fiscal 2010 and decreased by \$18.7 million in fiscal 2009. Accrued interest decreased by \$6.6 million in fiscal 2011, decreased by less than \$0.1 million in fiscal 2010 and decreased by \$0.6 million in fiscal 2009.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits is as follows: (In thousands)

Balance at June 1, 2009	\$ 95,165
Additions based on tax positions related to the current year	1,528
Additions for tax positions of prior years	3,760
Settlements	(605)
Statute expirations	(3,991)
Balance at May 31, 2010	\$ 95,857
Additions for tax positions of prior years	10,529
Settlements	(2,194)
Statute expirations	(1,093)
Balance at May 31, 2011	\$ 103,099

The majority of Cintas' operations are in North America. Cintas is required to file federal income tax returns, as well as state income tax returns in a majority of the domestic states and also in certain Canadian provinces. At times, Cintas is subject to audits in these jurisdictions. The audits, by nature, are sometimes complex and can require several years to resolve. The final resolution of any such tax audit could result in either a reduction in Cintas' accruals or an increase in its income tax provision, either of which could have an impact on the consolidated results of operation in any given period.

All U.S. federal income tax returns are closed to audit through fiscal 2008. Cintas is currently in advanced stages of various audits in certain foreign jurisdictions and certain domestic states. The years under audit cover fiscal years back to 2004. Based on the resolution of the various audits and other potential regulatory developments, it is reasonably possible that the balance of unrecognized tax benefits could decrease by approximately \$12.8 million for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2012.

8. Acquisitions

The purchase price paid for each acquisition has been allocated to the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. During fiscal 2011, Cintas acquired four Uniform Rental and Ancillary Products operating segment businesses, eleven First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment businesses and twelve Document Management Services operating segment businesses. During fiscal 2010, Cintas acquired three First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment businesses and four Document Management Services operating segment businesses. The following summarizes the aggregate purchase price for all businesses acquired:

(In thousands)	2011	2010
Fair value of tangible assets acquired	\$ 37,403	\$ 23,006
Fair value of goodwill acquired	125,562	26,978
Fair value of service contracts acquired	28,449	9,018
Fair value of other intangibles acquired	6,937	3,828
Total fair value of assets acquired	198,351	62,830
Fair value of liabilities assumed and incurred	24,729	11,870
Total cash paid for acquisitions	\$ 173,622	\$ 50,960

The results of operation for the acquired businesses are included in the consolidated statements of income from the dates of acquisition. The pro forma revenue, net income and earnings per share information relating to acquired businesses are not presented because they are not significant to Cintas.

9. Defined Contribution Plans

Cintas' Partners' Plan (the Plan) is a non-contributory profit sharing plan and Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP) for the benefit of substantially all U.S. Cintas employees who have completed one year of service. The Plan also includes a 401(k) savings feature covering substantially all U.S. employees. The amounts of contributions to the Plan and ESOP, as well as the matching contribution to the 401(k), are made at the discretion of Cintas. Total contributions, including Cintas' matching contributions, which approximate cost, were \$21.1 million, \$19.8 million and \$23.4 million for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Cintas has a non- contributory deferred profit sharing plan (DPSP), which covers substantially all Canadian employees. In addition, a registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) is offered to those employees. The amounts of contributions to the DPSP, as well as the matching contribution to the RRSP, are made at the discretion of Cintas. Total contributions, which approximate cost, were \$1.0 million, \$0.9 million and \$1.1 million for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Cintas has a supplemental executive retirement plan (SERP) subject to Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code for the benefit of certain highly compensated Cintas employees. The SERP allows participants to defer the receipt of compensation which would otherwise become payable to them. Matching contributions are made at the discretion of Cintas. Total matching contributions were \$6.1 million, \$5.0 million and \$5.5 million for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

10. Earnings per Share
The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share using the two- class method for amounts attributable to Cintas' common shares:

(In thousands			
except per share data)	2011	2010	2009

Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share				
Net income Less dividends to:	\$	246,989	\$ 215,620	\$ 226,357
Common shares Unvested shares	\$	71,197 615	\$ 73,377 583	\$ 71,811 396
Total dividends Undistribut	\$ ed	71,812	\$ 73,960	\$ 72,207
net income Less: net income allocated to participatin unvested securities	\$ g	175,177	\$ 141,660	\$ 154,150 427
Net income available to common shareholde	ers\$		\$	\$
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding		146,586	152,858	152,942
Effect of dilutive securities - employee stock options		_	-	_
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	9	146,586	152,858	152,942
Basic and diluted earnings per share:				

Common shares - distributed						
earnings	\$	0.49	\$	0.48	\$	0.47
Common shares - undistribute	ed	1.10		0.00		1.01
earnings		1.19		0.92		1.01
Total common shares	\$	1.68	\$	1.40	\$	1.48
Unvested shares - distributed earnings	\$	0.49	\$	0.48	\$	0.47
Unvested shares - undistribute earnings	•	1.19	φ	0.48	φ	1.01
Tatal						
Total unvested	\$	1 60	\$	1 40	Ф	1 10
shares	Ф	1.68	Φ	1.40	\$	1.48

For the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, 3.9 million, 4.5 million and 5.5 million options granted to purchase shares of Cintas common stock, respectively, were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share. The exercise prices of these options were greater than the average market price of the common shares (anti- dilutive).

We completed the May 2, 2005 share buyback program by purchasing 7.7 million shares of Cintas common stock for a total purchase of \$202.1 million of Cintas common stock by the end of September 30, 2010. On October 26, 2010, we announced that the Board of Directors authorized an additional \$500.0 million share buyback program at market prices. Beginning in April 2011, under this new program, we purchased 7.7 million shares of Cintas common stock for a purchase price of \$240.5 million, which resulted in a total purchase of \$442.5 million of Cintas common stock through May 31, 2011. We completed the October 26, 2010 share buyback program by purchasing an additional 8.1 million shares of Cintas common stock in June and July 2011 for \$259.5 million. From the inception of the October 26, 2010 share buyback program through July 29, 2011, Cintas has purchased a total of 15.8 million shares of Cintas common stock at an average price of \$31.70 per share for a total purchase price of \$500.0 million.

11. Stock- Based Compensation

Under the 2005 Equity Compensation Plan adopted by Cintas in fiscal 2006, Cintas may grant officers and key employees equity compensation in the form of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted and unrestricted stock awards, performance awards and other stock unit awards up to an aggregate of 14,000,000 shares of Cintas' common stock. At May 31, 2011, 9,713,983 shares of common stock are reserved for future issuance under the 2005 Equity Compensation Plan. The compensation cost was \$15.2 million, \$15.3 million and \$12.0 million for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The total income tax benefit recognized in the consolidated income statement for share- based compensation arrangements was \$4.5 million, \$3.9 million and \$2.8 million for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Stock Options

Stock options are granted at the fair market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. The option terms are determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, but no stock option may be exercised later than 10 years after the date of the grant. The option awards generally have 10- year terms with graded vesting in years 3 through 10 based on continuous service during that period. Cintas recognizes compensation expense for these options using the straight-line recognition method over the vesting period.

The fair value of these options was estimated at the date of grant using a Black- Scholes option- pricing model with the following assumptions:

2010

2000

2011

	2011	2010	2009
Risk- free interest rate	2.5%	3.9%	4.5%
Dividend yield	1.5%	1.3%	1.0%
Expected volatility of Cintas' common stock	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%
Expected life of the option in years	7.5	7.5	7.5

The risk- free interest rate is based on U.S. government issues with a remaining term equal to the expected life of the stock options. The determination of expected volatility is based on historical volatility of Cintas' common stock over the period commensurate with the expected term of stock options, as well as other relevant factors. The weighted average expected term was determined based on the historical employee exercise behavior of the options. The weighted- average fair value of stock options granted during fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009 was \$8.01, \$8.23 and \$10.02, respectively.

The information presented in the following table relates primarily to stock options granted and outstanding under either the 2005 Equity Compensation Plan or under previously adopted plans:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, May 31, 2008 (2,041,837 shares exercisable)	6,648,768 \$	39.85
Granted	539,039	23.62
Canceled	(828,383)	36.47
Exercised	-	-
Outstanding, May 31, 2009 (1,914,710 shares exercisable)	6,359,424	38.91
Granted	1,070,798	28.52
Canceled	(963,016)	35.98
Exercised	-	-
Outstanding, May 31, 2010 (1,838,530 shares exercisable)	6,467,206	37.63
Granted	2,030,764	25.70
Canceled	(833,267)	38.76
Exercised	-	-
Outstanding, May 31, 2011 (1,945,207 shares exercisable)	7,664,703 \$	34.34

The fair value of stock options vested was \$9.0 million, \$6.8 million and \$3.5 million for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Exercisable Options

The following table summarizes the information related to stock options outstanding at May 31, 2011: **Outstanding Options**

				9	- - 11-11-11			-
Rang Exercise		Number Outstanding	Average Remaining Option Life		Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable		Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$ 20.29 \$ 25.88		2,912,715	9.56	\$	25.33	10.564	Ф.	22.66
26.00	39.29	1,916,197	5.04	Ψ	33.48	517,564	Ψ	37.55
39.43	42.06	1,617,358	3.20		41.49	778,370		41.77
42.30	51.40	1,218,433	2.86		45.29	638,709		46.25
\$ 20.29								
\$ 51.40		7,664,703	6.02	\$	34.34	1,945,207	\$	42.02

At May 31, 2011, the aggregate intrinsic value of stock options outstanding and exercisable was \$12.2 million and \$0.1 million, respectively.

The weighted- average remaining contractual term of stock options exercisable is 2.1 years.

Restricted Stock Awards

Restricted stock awards consist of Cintas' common stock that is subject to such conditions, restrictions and limitations as the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors determines to be appropriate. The vesting period is generally three years after the grant date. The recipient of restricted stock awards will have all rights of a shareholder of Cintas, including the right to vote and the right to receive cash dividends, during the vesting period.

The information presented in the following table relates to restricted stock awards granted and outstanding under the plan adopted in fiscal 2006:

	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Price
		_
Outstanding, unvested grants at May 31, 2008	533,631 \$	34.01
Granted	502,821	26.66
Canceled	(52,583)	32.99
Vested	(2,500)	36.08
Outstanding, unvested grants at May 31, 2009	981,369	30.29
Granted	597,514	24.63
Canceled	(53,278)	27.85
Vested	(118,254)	36.57
Outstanding, unvested grants at May 31, 2010	1,407,351	27.45
Granted	712,721	31.59
Canceled	(66,754)	25.54
Vested	(135,936)	39.26
Outstanding, unvested grants at May 31, 2011	1,917,382 \$	28.22

The remaining unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock options and restricted stock at May 31, 2011, was \$51.8 million and the weighted- average period of time over which this cost will be recognized is 3.0 years.

12. Litigation and Other Contingencies

Cintas is subject to legal proceedings, insurance receipts, legal settlements and claims arising from the ordinary course of its business, including personal injury, customer contract, environmental and employment claims. In the opinion of management, the aggregate liability, if any, with respect to such ordinary course of business actions will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position or consolidated results of operation of Cintas. Cintas is party to additional litigation not considered in the ordinary course of business, including the litigation discussed below.

Cintas is a defendant in a purported class action lawsuit, *Mirna E. Serrano, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Serrano)*, filed on May 10, 2004, and pending in the United States District Court, Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division. The *Serrano* plaintiffs alleged that Cintas discriminated against women in hiring into various service sales representative positions across all divisions of Cintas. On November 15, 2005, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) intervened in the *Serrano* lawsuit. The *Serrano* plaintiffs seek injunctive relief, compensatory damages, punitive damages, attorneys' fees and other remedies. On October 27, 2008, the United States District Court in the Eastern District of Michigan granted summary judgment in favor of Cintas limiting the scope of the putative class in the *Serrano* lawsuit to female applicants for service sales representative positions at Cintas locations within the state of Michigan. Consequently, all claims brought by female applicants for service sales representative positions outside of the state of Michigan were dismissed. Similarly, any claims brought by the EEOC on behalf of similarly situated female applicants outside of the state of Michigan have also been dismissed from the *Serrano* lawsuit. Cintas is a defendant in another purported class action lawsuit, *Blanca Nelly Avalos, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Avalos)*, which was filed in the United States District Court, Eastern District of Michigan, Southern

Division. The Avalos plaintiffs alleged that Cintas discriminated against women, African- Americans and Hispanics in hiring into various service sales representative positions in Cintas' Rental division only throughout the United States. The Avalos plaintiffs sought injunctive relief, compensatory damages, punitive damages, attorneys' fees and other remedies. The claims in Avalos originally were brought in the lawsuit captioned Robert Ramirez, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Ramirez), filed on January 20, 2004, in the United States District Court, Northern District of California, San Francisco Division. On May 11, 2006, the Ramirez and Avalos African-American, Hispanic and female failure to hire into service sales representative positions claims and the EEOC's intervention were consolidated for pretrial purposes with the Serrano case and transferred to the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division. The consolidated case was known as Mirna E. Serrano/Blanca Nelly Avalos, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Serrano/Avalos). On March 31, 2009, the United States District Court, Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division entered an order denying class certification to all plaintiffs in the Serrano/Avalos lawsuits. Following denial of class certification, the Court permitted the individual Avalos and Serrano plaintiffs to proceed separately. In the Avalos case, the Court dismissed the remaining claims of the individual plaintiffs who remained in that case after the denial of class certification. On May 11, 2010, Plaintiff Tanesha Davis, on behalf of all similarly situated plaintiffs in the Avalos case, filed a notice of appeal of the District Court's summary judgment order in the United States Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit. The Appellate Court has made no determination regarding the merits of Davis' appeal. In September 2010, the Court in Serrano dismissed all private individual claims and all claims of the EEOC and the 13 individuals it claimed to represent. The EEOC has appealed the District Court's summary judgment decisions and various other rulings to the United States Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit. The Court of Appeals has not yet ruled on the EEOC's appeal.

The litigation discussed above, if decided or settled adversely to Cintas, may, individually or in the aggregate, result in liability material to Cintas' consolidated financial condition or consolidated results of operation and could increase costs of operations on an ongoing basis. Any estimated liability relating to these proceedings is not determinable at this time. Cintas may enter into discussions regarding settlement of these and other lawsuits, and may enter into settlement agreements if it believes such settlement is in the best interest of Cintas' shareholders.

Cintas is a defendant in a purported class action lawsuit, *Paul Veliz, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Veliz)*, filed on March 19, 2003, in the United States District Court, Northern District of California, Oakland Division, alleging that Cintas violated certain federal and state wage and hour laws applicable to its service sales representatives, whom Cintas considers exempt employees, and asserting additional related ERISA claims. On April 5, 2004 and February 14, 2006, the Court stayed the claims of all plaintiffs with valid arbitration agreements pending arbitration of those claims. Claims made in the *Veliz* action, therefore, are pending before the United States District Court, Northern District of California and Judge Bruce Meyerson (Ret.), an Arbitrator selected by the parties. On August 5, 2009, the parties in the *Veliz* action reached a settlement in principle. That settlement was granted preliminary approval by the District Court. The pre- tax impact, net of insurance proceeds, was \$19.5 million in fiscal 2010. Pursuant to the settlement agreement, Cintas paid \$22.8 million on December 17, 2010. On June 3, 2011, the Court granted final approval of the settlement. According to the terms of the settlement agreement, Cintas will pay the remaining settlement funds to satisfy the future income tax liabilities of the class members as they receive their respective shares of the settlement funds. The balance of the settlement funds will be used to pay the fees and expenses of the settlement administrator.

During the second quarter of fiscal 2010, Cintas had legal settlements that totaled \$4.0 million, net of insurance proceeds. None of these settlements were significant individually. These settlements included litigation related to multiple subjects including employment practices and insurance coverage.

13. Operating Segment Information

Cintas classifies its businesses into four operating segments based on the types of products and services provided. The Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment consists of the rental and servicing of uniforms and other garments including flame resistant clothing, mats, mops and shop towels and other ancillary items. In addition to these rental items, restroom cleaning services and supplies and carpet and tile cleaning services are also provided within this operating segment. The Uniform Direct Sales operating segment consists of the direct sale of uniforms and related items and branded promotional products. The First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment consists of first aid, safety and fire protection products and services. The Document Management Services operating segment consists of document destruction, document imaging and document retention services.

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Cintas evaluates the performance of each operating segment based on several factors of which the primary financial measures are operating segment revenue and income before income taxes. The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in Note 1 entitled Significant Accounting Policies. Information related to the operations of Cintas' operating segments is set forth below:

(In thousands)		Rental Uniforms & Ancillary Products		Uniform Direct Sales		First Aid, Safety & Fire Protection		Document Management		Corporate		Total
May 31, 2011												
Revenue	\$	2,692,248	\$	419 222	\$	377 663	\$	321,251	\$	_	\$	3,810,384
	_	_,00_,0		,	<u> </u>		Ψ		_		_	
Gross margin	\$	1,161,792	\$	126.475	\$	156.060	\$	164,960	\$	_	\$	1,609,287
Selling and admin. expenses	_	822,230	_	78,220	_	134,604	_	133,890	_	-	_	1,168,944
Interest income		-		-		-		-		(2,030)		(2,030)
Interest expense		-		-		-		-		49,704		49,704
Income before income taxes	\$	339,562	\$	48,255	\$	21,456	\$	31,070	\$	(47,674)	\$	392,669
Depreciation and amortization	\$	122,767	\$	6,720	\$	18,599	\$	45,381	\$	-	\$	193,467
Capital expenditures	\$	108,557	\$	5,223	\$	23,215	\$	45,597	\$	-	\$	182,592
Total assets	\$	2,544,178	\$	331,192	\$	355,332	\$	595,912	\$	525,326	\$	4,351,940
May 31, 2010	_											
Revenue	\$	2,569,357	\$	386,370	\$	338,651	\$	252,961	\$	-	\$	3,547,339
Cross marain	Φ	1 110 701	φ	116 006	ተ	101 706	ተ	100.074	Φ		Φ	1 407 017
Gross margin Selling and admin. expenses	Ф	1,119,781	Ф	76,232	Ф	131,726	Ф	129,974 105,698	Ф	-	Ф	1,497,817
Legal settlements, net of insurance proceeds		786,145 -		70,232		110,204		105,696		23,529		1,086,359 23,529
Restructuring credits		(2,880)		-		-		-		-		(2,880)
Interest income		-		-		-		-		(1,695)		(1,695)
Interest expense		-		-		-		-		48,612		48,612
Income before income taxes	\$	336,516	\$	40,104	\$	13,442	\$	24,276	\$	(70,446)	\$	343,892
Depreciation and amortization	\$	131,714	\$	7,582	\$	16,178	\$	37,667	\$	-	\$	193,141
Capital expenditures	\$	68,224	\$	6,791	\$	8,155	\$	27,908	\$	-	\$	111,078
Total assets	\$	2,375,208	\$	198,955	\$	329,569	\$	499,917	\$	566,087	\$	3,969,736
May 31, 2009												
Revenue	\$	2,755,015	\$	428,369	\$	378,097	\$	213,204	\$	-	\$	3,774,685
Gross margin	Φ	1,192,785	Φ	106 022	Ф	144,180	φ	107,873	Φ		Φ	1,550,871
Selling and admin. expenses	φ	769,275	φ	98,131	φ	127,126	φ	88,177	φ	_	φ	1,082,709
Restructuring charges		8,782		547		564		316		_		10,209
Impairment of long- lived assets		44,204		4,135		543		6		_		48,888
Interest income				-,		-		-		(2,764)		(2,764)
Interest expense		-		-		-		-		50,236		50,236
Income before income taxes	\$	370,524	\$	3,220	\$	15,947	\$	19,374	\$	(47,472)	\$	361,593
Depreciation and amortization	\$	140,448	\$	6,950	\$	18,282	\$	34,426	\$	-	\$	200,106
Capital expenditures	\$	114,423	\$	14,582	\$	8,312	\$	22,775	\$	-	\$	160,092
Total assets	\$	2,533,406	\$	140,826	\$	324,158	\$	472,423	\$	250,138	\$	3,720,951

14. Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

The following is a summary of the results of operation for each of the quarters within the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011 and 2010:

May 31, 2011 (in thousands)		First Quarter		Second Quarter		Third Quarter		Fourth Quarter
Revenue	\$	923,904	\$	936,566	\$	937,827	\$	1,012,087
Gross margin	\$	393,671	\$	390,648	\$	391,921	\$	433,047
Net income	\$	61,277	\$	55,866	\$	59,070	\$	70,776
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.40	\$	0.38	\$	0.41	\$	0.49
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.40	\$	0.38	\$	0.41	\$	0.49
Weighted average number of shares outstanding		152,164		145,511		145,303		143,317
		First		Second		Third		Fourth
May 31, 2010 (in thousands)		First Quarter		Second Quarter		Third Quarter		Fourth Quarter
May 31, 2010 (in thousands)						-		
May 31, 2010 (in thousands) Revenue	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
	\$	Quarter	\$	Quarter	\$	Quarter	\$	Quarter
Revenue		Quarter 891,569	- 7	Quarter 884,509		Quarter 861,812	- 1	Quarter 909,449
Revenue Gross margin	\$	Quarter 891,569 382,795	\$	Quarter 884,509 369,847	\$	Quarter 861,812 359,607	\$	909,449 385,568
Revenue Gross margin Net income	\$ \$	891,569 382,795 53,984	\$ \$	884,509 369,847 57,176	\$ \$ \$	861,812 359,607 48,982	\$	909,449 385,568 55,478

15. Supplemental Guarantor Information

Cintas Corporation No. 2 (Corp. 2) is the indirectly, wholly- owned principal operating subsidiary of Cintas. Corp. 2 is the issuer of the \$1,275.0 million of long- term senior notes, which are unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, by Cintas Corporation and its wholly- owned, direct and indirect domestic subsidiaries.

As allowed by SEC rules, the following condensed consolidating financial statements are provided as an alternative to filing separate financial statements of the guarantors. Each of the subsidiaries presented in the following condensed consolidating financial statements has been fully consolidated in Cintas' consolidated financial statements. The following condensed consolidating financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of Cintas and notes thereto of which this note is an integral part.

<u>Table of Contents</u>
Condensed consolidating financial statements for Cintas, Corp. 2, the subsidiary guarantors and non- guarantors are presented on the following pages:

Condensed Consolidating Income Statement

Year Ended May 31, 2011 (in thousands)	C	Cintas Corporation	Corp. 2	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	E	Eliminations	(Cintas Corporation Consolidated
Revenue:									
Rental uniforms and									
ancillary products	\$	-	\$2,069,895	\$ 531,525	\$ 196,380	\$	(105,552)	\$	2,692,248
Other services		-	1,395,119	340,063	109,634		(726,680)		1,118,136
Equity in net income of									
affiliates		246,989	-	-	-		(246,989)		-
		246,989	3,465,014	871,588	306,014	(1,079,221)		3,810,384
Costs and expenses (income):									
Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary									
products		-	1,305,908	330,442	132,463		(238,357)		1,530,456
Cost of other services		-	876,359	316,650	67,997		(590,365)		670,641
Selling and administrative expenses		-	1,065,037	17,270	92,839		(6,202)		1,168,944
Operating income		246.989	217,710	207,226	12,715		(244,297)		440,343
Interest income		,	ĺ	,	ŕ		, ,		,
		-	(589)	(697)	(100,777)		100,033		(2,030)
Interest expense (income)		-	52,357	(2,687)	34		-		49,704
Income before income taxes		246,989	165,942	210,610	113,458		(344,330)		392,669
Income taxes		· -	60,028	76,186	9,494		(28)		145,680
Net income	\$	246,989	\$ 105,914	\$ 134,424	\$ 103,964	\$	(344,302)	\$	246,989

<u>Table of Contents</u> **Condensed Consolidating Income Statement**

Year Ended May 31, 2010 (in thousands)	Cintas Corporation	Corp. 2	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Cintas Corporation Consolidated
Revenue:						
Rental uniforms and ancillary products	\$ -	\$1,970,303	\$ 518,254		. , , , .	2,569,357
Other services	-	1,216,779	351,368	66,229	(656,394)	977,982
Equity in net income of affiliates	215,620	-	-	-	(215,620)	-
	215,620	3,187,082	869,622	247,076	(972,061)	3,547,339
Costs and expenses (income):					·	
Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary						
products	-	1,226,076	332,935	111,340	(220,775)	1,449,576
Cost of other services	-	798,841	297,890	41,316	(538,101)	599,946
Selling and administrative expenses	-	1,037,945	(20,140)	67,669	885	1,086,359
Legal settlements, net of insurance						
proceeds	-		23,529	-	-	23,529
Restructuring charges	-	(1,080)	(1,800)	-	-	(2,880)
Operating income						
Operating income	215,620	125,300	237,208	26,751	(214,070)	390,809
Interest income	210,020	120,000	207,200	20,701	(211,070)	000,000
	_	(268)	(1,130)	(297)	_	(1,695)
Interest expense (income)	-	E 1 100	(2,897)	, ,	-	48,612
Income hefere income toyon						
Income before income taxes	215,620	74,082	241,235	27,025	(214,070)	343,892
Income taxes	-	27,936	91,239	9,123	(26)	128,272
Net income	\$ 215,620	\$ 46,146	\$ 149,996	\$ 17,902	\$ (214,044) \$	215,620

<u>Table of Contents</u> **Condensed Consolidating Income Statement**

Year Ended May 31, 2009 (in thousands)	(Cintas Corporation	Corp. 2	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	E	Eliminations	C	Cintas Corporation Consolidated
Revenue:									
Rental uniforms and									
ancillary products	\$	-	\$2,101,857	\$ 569,780	\$ 175,711	\$	(92,333)	\$	2,755,015
Other services		-	1,295,603	397,426	60,414		(733,773)		1,019,670
Equity in net income of									
affiliates		226,357	-	-	-		(226,357)		-
		226,357	3,397,460	967,206	236,125	((1,052,463)		3,774,685
Costs and expenses (income):						•	,		
Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary									
products		-	1,242,048	368,125	106,856		(154,799)		1,562,230
Cost of other services		-	958,634	348,159	38,449		(683,658)		661,584
Selling and administrative expenses		-	1,051,221	(27,889)	57,953		1,424		1,082,709
Restructuring charges		-	6,575	3,531	103		-		10,209
Impairment of long-lived assets		-	25,713	17,328	5,847		-		48,888
Operating income									
operating income		226,357	113,269	257,952	26,917		(215,430)		409,065
Interest income							, ,		
		-	-	(930)	(1,834)		-		(2,764)
Interest expense (income)		-	53,197	(2,982)	21		-		50,236
Income before income taxes									
		226,357	60,072	261,864	28,730		(215,430)		361,593
Income taxes		-	17,152	110,001	8,083		-		135,236
Net income	\$	226,357	\$ 42,920	\$ 151,863	\$ 20,647	\$	(215,430)	\$	226,357
	_								

<u>Table of Contents</u> **Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet**

As of May 31, 2011 (in thousands)	Cintas Corporation	Corp. 2	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Cintas Corporation Consolidated
Assets Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 54,957	\$ 313,283	\$ 69,866	\$ - \$	438,106
Marketable securities	Φ -	Ф 54,957	Φ 313,203	87,220	Ф - Ф	87,220
Accounts receivable, net	_	312,033	76,484	40,614	-	429,131
Inventories, net	-	204,536	24,943	13,266	6,913	249,658
Uniforms and other rental items in	-	204,536	24,943	13,200	0,913	249,000
service		302,897	00 1 4 0	34,895	(06.114)	202 026
	-	302,897 949	82,148 8,355	24,238	(26,114)	393,826 33,542
Income taxes, current Deferred tax asset (liability)	_	566	47,905	(2,658)	<u>-</u>	45,813
Prepaid expenses and other	-	5.738	13,732	4,011	-	23,481
Frepaid expenses and other	-	5,736	13,732	4,011	-	23,401
Total current assets	-	881,676	566,850	271,452	(19,201)	1,700,777
Property and equipment, at cost, net		,	,	,	, ,	, ,
	_	587,701	274,086	84,431	_	946,218
Goodwill	_	-	1,416,926	70,956	-	1,487,882
Service contracts, net	-	94,379	663	7,270	-	102,312
Other assets, net	1,778,595	1,629,598	2,070,017	369,527	(5,732,986)	114,751
	\$ 1 778 505	\$3 103 354	\$ 4,328,542	\$ 803.636	\$(5,752,187) \$	4,351,940
	Ψ 1,770,000	Ψ0,100,004	Ψ +,020,0+2	Ψ 000,000	Ψ(3,732,107) Ψ	4,001,040
Liabilities and						
Shareholders' Equity						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		\$ (329,430)			\$ 38,019 \$	
Accrued compensation and related liabiliti	es -	55,138	20,153	4,543	-	79,834
Accrued liabilities	-	61,399	154,861	27,235	(804)	242,691
Long- term debt due within one year	-	855	480	-	-	1,335
Total current liabilities	(465,247)	(212,038)	1,031,233	42,976	37,215	434,139
Long- term liabilities:	, , ,	, , ,	, ,	,	,	<i>,</i>
Long- term debt due after one year	_	1,294,674	(12,433)	1.745	804	1,284,790
Deferred income taxes	-	(7)	(, ,	5,627	-	196,321
Accrued liabilities	-	-	133,427	614	-	134,041
T		1 00 1 05=		7.055	20.4	·
Total long- term liabilities	-	1,294,667	311,695	7,986	804	1,615,152
Total shareholders' equity	2,243,842	2,110,725	2,985,614	752,674	(5,790,206)	2,302,649
	\$ 1,778,595	\$3,193,354	\$ 4,328,542	\$ 803,636	\$(5,752,187) \$	4,351,940

<u>Table of Contents</u> **Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet**

As of May 31, 2010 (in thousands)	Cintas Corporation	Corp. 2	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Cintas Corporation Consolidated
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 34,905			\$ - \$, -
Marketable securities	-	-	21,954	132,852	-	154,80
Accounts receivable, net	-	261,512	74,256	26,451	-	362,21
nventories, net	-	144,826	16,857	9,420	(1,619)	169,48
Uniforms and other rental items in						
service	-	256,398	70,489	25,514	(20,295)	332,10
ncome taxes, current	_	5,306	(591)	10,976	-	15,69
Deferred tax asset (liability)	-	_	54,474	(2,059)	-	52,41
Prepaid expenses and other	-	5,565	15,808	1,487	-	22,86
• •						
Total current assets	-	708,512	592,949	241,315	(21,914)	1,520,86
Property and equipment, at cost, net						
	-	591,040	240,462	63,020	-	894,52
Goodwill	-	-	1,310,675	46,250	-	1,356,92
Service contracts, net	-	98,335	880	4,230	-	103,44
Other assets, net	2,032,649	1,612,270	1,613,514	322,707	(5,487,158)	93,98
			.		· · · · · · · · ·	
	\$ 2,032,649	\$3,010,157	\$ 3,758,480	\$ 677,522	\$(5,509,072) \$	3,969,73
Liabilities and						
Shareholders' Equity						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ (465,247) \$ 164,131	\$ 343,454	\$ (8,614)	\$ 38,023 \$	71,74
Accrued compensation and related liabilities	. ,		21,730	3,013	- σο,σ2ο φ	66,92
Accrued liabilities	_	53,432	178,698	13,092	(820)	244,40
Long- term debt due within one year	_	805	(196)		(020)	60
Long-term debt dde within one year		003	(130)	_		00
Total current liabilities	(465,247) 260,549	543,686	7,491	37,203	383,68
Long- term liabilities:	•			·		
Long- term debt due after one year	-	795,541	(10,917)	-	820	785,44
Deferred income taxes	-	-	145,563	4,997	-	150.56
Accrued liabilities	_	-	115,549	472	-	116,02
			<u>, </u>			
Total long- term liabilities	-	700,011	250,195	5,469	820	1,052,02
Total shareholders' equity	2,497,896	1,954,067	2,964,599	664,562	(5,547,095)	2,534,02
rotal orial oriolasis squity						

<u>Table of Contents</u> **Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows**

Year Ended May 31, 2011 (in thousands)	Cintas Corporation	Corp. 2		Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Cintas Corporation Consolidated
Cook flows from operating activities.							
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income	\$ 246.989	\$ 105.91	1 ¢	134,424	\$ 103,964	\$ (344,302)	\$ 246,989
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	φ 240,909	φ 105,91	+ φ	134,424	φ 105,904	φ (344,302)	φ 240,909
provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation		103.03	,	36.032	11,815		150,886
Amortization	_	,		543		-	42,581
Stock- based compensation	15,203	37,61	,	545	4,423		15,203
Deferred income taxes	15,203	(4.00	-	51,996	798	-	47,908
Changes in current assets and liabilities, net of	-	(4,88)	51,996	798	-	47,908
acquisitions of businesses:	_	(00.00	٠,	(0.070)	(7.047)		(40,000)
Accounts receivable, net		(39,06)	,	(2,079)	(7,847)	- (0 E00)	(48,986)
Inventories, net	-	(59,22	,	(8,112)	(2,957)	(8,532)	(78,824)
Uniforms and other rental items in service	-	(45,14	,	(11,671)	(7,179)	5,819	(58,180)
Prepaid expenses		223		2,085	(1,948)	- (4)	360
Accounts payable	-	(392,21	,	393,185	28,244	(4)	29,215
Accrued compensation and related liabilities	-	12,95		(1,577)	1,113	-	12,493
Accrued liabilities	-	(2,74)	,	(6,318)	6,875	16	(2,167)
Income taxes, current	-	4,26	5	(8,858)	(11,999)	-	(16,592)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	262,192	(279,25	5)	579,650	125,302	(347,003)	340,886
Cash flows from investing activities:	202,132	(279,20)	379,030	125,502	(547,005)	340,000
Capital expenditures	_	(99,73	۵۱	(68,274)	(14,579)		(182,592)
Proceeds from sale or redemption of marketable	_	(33,73)	(00,274)	(14,579)	-	(102,392)
securities				22 206	115 050		139,056
Purchase of marketable securities and investments	-	(10.00)	- 7\	23,206	115,850	- FE 400	,
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired	-	(16,89°) (133,37°)		(55,438) (1,831)	(61,438) (36,343)	55,466	(78,307) (171,552)
	050.007	, ,	,	(, ,	(, ,	- 001 550	, , ,
Other, net	253,387	54,29)	(504,637)	(99,797)	291,553	(5,198)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	253,387	(195,71	3)	(606,974)	(96,307)	347,019	(298,593)
Cash flows from financing activities:							
Proceeds from the issuances of debt	-	1,000,50)	1,781	-	-	1,002,281
Repayment of debt	-	(501,31	3)	(876)	-	(16)	(502,208)
Dividends paid	(71,801)		-	-	(11)	-	(71,812)
Repurchase of common stock	(443,690)		-	-	-	-	(443,690)
Other	(88)	(4,57)	3)	-	55	-	(4,609)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(515,579)	494,60	3	905	44	(16)	(20,038)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash	(515,579)	757,000		303	77	(10)	(20,000)
equivalents	-	41	7	_	4.153	_	4,570
					, , , ,		,,,,
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash							
equivalents	-	20,05		(26,419)	33,192	-	26,825
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	-	34,90	5	339,702	36,674	-	411,281
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ -	\$ 54.95	7 M	313,283	\$ 69.866	\$ -	\$ 438,106

<u>Table of Contents</u> **Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows**

Year Ended May 31, 2010 (in thousands)	С	Cintas orporation	C	Corp. 2	Subsidiary Suarantors	G	Non- Guarantors	E	liminations	Cintas Corporation Consolidated
Cash flows from operating activities:										
Net income	\$	215,620	\$	46,146	\$ 149,996	\$	17,902	\$	(214,044)	\$ 215,620
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:										
Depreciation		-		105,981	37,149		8,929		-	152,059
Amortization		-		37,723	879		2,480		-	41,082
Stock- based compensation		15,349		-	-		-		-	15,349
Deferred income taxes		-		(1,745)	12,668		2,372		-	13,295
Changes in current assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions of businesses:										
Accounts receivable, net		-		21,442	14,594		(2,512)		(28,302)	5,222
Inventories, net		-		49,396	(16,803)		(913)		(1,387)	30,293
Uniforms and other rental items in service		-		2,379	5,655		(3,681)		(189)	4,164
Prepaid expenses		-		667	3,101		(53)		-	3,715
Accounts payable		-		19,707	(70,957)		43,498		16,691	8,939
Accrued compensation and related liabilities		-		10,022	7,435		936		-	18,393
Accrued liabilities		-		2,489	45,418		(417)		38	47,528
Income taxes, current		-		(2,134)	16,455		(4,326)		-	9,99
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		230,969	:	292,073	205,590		64,215		(227,193)	565,65
Cash flows from investing activities: Capital expenditures		_		(60.006)	(40,400)		(6.420)		_	(111,078
		-		(62,236)	(42,422)		(6,420) 26,351		-	34,712
Proceeds from redemption of marketable securities Purchase of marketable securities and investments		-		(24,826)	8,361 161,621		(34,137)		(183,927)	(81,269
		-			101,021		, ,		(103,927)	•
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired		(150,000)		(25,686)	(24.404)		(24,758) 84		- 075 006	(50,444 497
Other, net		(156,082)	,	184,047)	(34,494)		84		375,036	497
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities Cash flows from financing activities:		(156,082)	(2	296,795)	93,066		(38,880)		191,109	(207,582
Repayment of debt		-		(754)	(35,933)		-		36,084	(603
Dividends paid		(73,950)		` =	-		(10)		-	(73,960
Repurchase of common stock		(969)		-	-		-		-	(969
Other		32		767	-		(1,776)		-	(977
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash		(74,887)		13	(35,933)		(1,786)		36,084	(76,509
equivalents		-		217	-		(244)		-	(27
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents				(4,492)	262,723		23,305			281,530
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		-		39,397	76,979		13,369		-	129,74
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	-	\$	34,905	\$ 339,702	\$	36,674	\$	-	\$ 411,281

<u>Table of Contents</u> **Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows**

Year Ended May 31, 2009 (in thousands)	С	Cintas orporation		Corp. 2		Subsidiary Guarantors	(Non- Guarantors	Е	liminations		Cintas orporation onsolidated
Cash flows from operating activities:												
Net income	\$	226,357	Ф	42,920	Ф	151,863	Ф	20,647	Ф	(215,430)	Ф	226,357
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	Ψ	220,007	Ψ	42,320	Ψ	131,003	Ψ	20,047	Ψ	(213,430)	Ψ	220,007
provided by (used in) operating activities:												
Depreciation		-		111,242		38,289		8,041		-		157,572
Amortization		_		39,637		1,115		1,782		_		42.534
Impairment of long- lived assets		-		25,713		18,222		4,953		-		48.888
Stock- based compensation		11,953		-				-,,,,,		-		11,953
Deferred income taxes		-		-		1,429		(2,603)		-		(1,174)
Changes in current assets and liabilities, net of						.,		(=,===)				(1,111)
acquisitions of businesses:												
Accounts receivable, net		-		37,582		31,432		5,100		(2,965)		71,149
Inventories, net		-		23,521		15,843		(517)		(3,711)		35,136
Uniforms and other rental items in service		-		29,220		7,859		(149)		(7,269)		29,661
Prepaid expenses		-		(1,131)		(3,597)		(221)		-		(4,949)
Accounts payable		-		(115,841)		101,999		(13,474)		2,756		(24,560)
Accrued compensation and related liabilities		-		2,141		(3,917)		(236)		-		(2,012)
Accrued liabilities		-		(11,594)		(19,038)		1,579		62		(28,991)
Income taxes, current		-		(3,461)		(28,551)		(6,030)		-		(38,042)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	-	238,310		179,949		312,948		18,872		(226,557)		523,522
Cash flows from investing activities:												
Capital expenditures		-		(91,914)		(59,925)		(8,253)		-		(160,092)
Proceeds from sale or redemption of marketable												
securities		-		-		-		116,433		-		116,433
Purchase of marketable securities and investments		-		1,912		13,691		(122,652)		(21,353)		(128,402)
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired		-		(21,561)		-		(9,348)		-		(30,909)
Other, net		(140,259)		88,792		(193,727)		(64)		245,007		(251)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(140,259)		(22,771)		(239,961)		(23,884)		223,654		(203,221)
Cash flows from financing activities:												
Proceeds from issuance of debt		-		7,500		- (2.252)		-		-		7,500
Repayment of debt		(70.007)		(163,693)		(3,859)		-		2,903		(164,649)
Dividends paid		(72,207)		-		-		-		-		(72,207)
Repurchase of common stock		(25,847)		-		-		-		-		(25,847)
Other		3		767		-		85		-		855
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	-	(98,051)		(155,426)		(3,859)		85		2,903		(254,348)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		-		173		-		(2,605)		-		(2,432)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		-		1,925		69,128		(7,532)		-		63,521
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		-		37,472		7,851		20,901		-		66,224
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	-	\$	39,397	\$	76,979	\$	13,369	\$	-	\$	129,745

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Nothing to report.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

With the participation of Cintas' management, including Cintas' Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, General Counsel and Controllers, Cintas has evaluated the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of May 31, 2011. Based on such evaluation, Cintas' management, including Cintas' Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, General Counsel and Controllers, have concluded that Cintas' disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of May 31, 2011, in ensuring (i) information required to be disclosed by Cintas in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) information required to be disclosed by Cintas in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to Cintas' management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and the Report of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm thereon are set forth in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10- K and are incorporated by reference herein.

There were no changes in Cintas' internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a- 15(f) and 15d- 15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter ended May 31, 2011, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Cintas' internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

Nothing to report.

Part III

<u>Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance</u>

The information required under this item is incorporated herein by reference to the material contained in Cintas' definitive proxy statement for the 2011 annual meeting of shareholders to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A not later than 120 days after the close of the fiscal year (the "Proxy Statement").

Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required under this item is incorporated herein by reference to the material contained in the Proxy Statement.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information required under this item is incorporated herein by reference to the material contained in the Proxy Statement, except that the information required by Item 201(d) of Regulation S- K can be found below.

The following table provides information about Cintas' common stock that may be issued under Cintas' equity compensation plans as of May 31, 2011.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

Plan category	Number of shares to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options (1)	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options (1)	Number of shares remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans
Equity compensation plans approved by shareholders	7,664,703	\$ 34.34	9,713,983
Equity compensation plans not approved by shareholders	-	-	-
Total	7,664,703	\$ 34.34	9,713,983
(1) Excludes 1,917,382 unvested restricted stock units.			

<u>Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence</u>

The information required under this item is incorporated herein by reference to the material contained in the Proxy Statement.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information required under this item is incorporated herein by reference to the material contained in the Proxy Statement.

Part IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

- (a) Financial Statements. All financial statements required to be filed by Item 8 of Form 10- K and included in this Annual
- (1) Report are listed in Item 8. No additional financial statements are filed because the requirements for paragraph (d) under Item 14 are not applicable to Cintas.
- (a) Financial Statement Schedule:

(2)

For each of the three years in the period ended May 31, 2011.

Schedule II: Valuation and Qualifying Accounts and Reserves.

Q for the quarter ended February 28, 2011.)

All other schedules are omitted because they are not applicable, or not required, or because the required information is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements or Notes thereto.

(a) Exhibits.

(3)

1	Il documents referenced below were filed pursuant to the Exchange Act by Cintas Corporation, file number 000- 1399, unless otherwise noted.
Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
3.1	Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Cintas' Registration Statement No. 333- 160926 on Form S- 3 filed on December 3, 2007.)
3.2	Amended and Restated By- laws (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3 to Cintas' Form 8- K dated October 14, 2008.)
4.1	Indenture dated as of May 28, 2002, among Cintas Corporation No. 2, as issuer, Cintas Corporation, as parent guarantor, the subsidiary guarantors thereto and Wachovia Bank, National Association, as trustee (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 10- Q for the quarter ended February 28, 2005.)
4.2	Form of 6% Senior Note due 2012 (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 10- Q for the quarter ended February 28, 2005.)
4.3	Form of 6.15% Senior Note due 2036 (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 8- K dated August 17, 2006.)
4.4	Form of 6.125% Senior Note due 2017 (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 8- K dated December 6, 2007.)
4.5	Form of 2.85% Senior Note due 2016 (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 8- K dated May 23, 2011.)
4.6	Form of 4.30% Senior Note due 2021 (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 8- K dated May 23, 2011.)
10.1	Credit Agreement dated as of May 28, 2004 by and among Cintas Corporation No. 2, as Borrower, the lenders named in such Credit Agreement and KeyBank National Association, as agent for the lenders (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 10-

First Amendment Agreement to the Credit Agreement dated as of May 28, 2004, dated as of February 24, 2006 (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 8- K dated October 1, 2010.)

- 10.3 Second Amendment Agreement to the Credit Agreement dated as of May 28, 2004, dated as of March 16, 2007 (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 8- K dated October 1, 2010.)
- Third Amendment Agreement to the Credit Agreement dated as of May 28, 2004, dated as of May 31, 2007 (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 8- K dated October 1, 2010.)
- Fourth Amendment Agreement to the Credit Agreement dated as of May 28, 2004, dated as of September 27, 2010 (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 10- Q for the quarter ended February 28, 2011.)
- 10.6* Incentive Stock Option Plan (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Registration Statement No. 33- 23228 on Form S- 8 filed under the Securities Act of 1933.)
- 10.7* Partners' Plan, as Amended (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Registration Statement No. 33- 56623 on Form S- 8 filed under the Securities Act of 1933.)
- 10.8* 1999 Cintas Corporation Stock Option Plan (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 10- Q for the quarter ended November 30, 2000.)
- 10.9* Directors' Deferred Compensation Plan (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 10- Q for the quarter ended November 30, 2001.)
- 10.10* Amended and Restated 2003 Directors' Stock Option Plan (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 10- K dated May 31, 2004.)
- 10.11* Form of agreement signed by Officers, General/Branch Managers, Professionals and Key Managers, including Executive Officers (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 10- Q for the quarter ended February 28, 2005.)
- 10.12* President and CEO Executive Compensation Plan (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 10- K dated May 31, 2005.)
- 10.13* 2006 Executive Incentive Plan (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 10- K dated May 31, 2005.)
- 10.14* 2005 Equity Compensation Plan (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Registration Statement No. 333- 131375 on Form S- 8 filed under the Securities Act of 1933.)
- 10.15* Criteria for Performance Evaluation of the President and CEO (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 10- K dated May 31, 2006.)
- 10.16* 2007 Executive Incentive Plan (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 10- K dated May 31, 2006.)
- 10.17** Amendment No. 1 to 2005 Equity Compensation Plan
- 10.18** Form of Restricted Stock Agreement
- 14 Code of Ethics (Incorporated by reference to Cintas' Form 10- K dated May 31, 2004.)
- 21** Subsidiaries of the Registrant
- 23** Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- 31.1** Certification of Principal Executive Officer, Pursuant to Rule 13a- 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- 31.2** Certification of Principal Financial Officer, Pursuant to Rule 13a- 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- 32.1** Certification of Chief Executive Officer, Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350
- 32.2** Certification of Chief Financial Officer, Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350

Management compensatory contracts

Filed herewith

Signatures

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CINTAS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Scott D. Farmer Scott D. Farmer

Chief Executive Officer

DATE SIGNED: July 29, 2011

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated. Date

Capacity

		y	
/s/	Robert J. Kohlhepp Robert J. Kohlhepp	Chairman of the Board of Directors	July 29, 2011
/s/	Scott D. Farmer Scott D. Farmer	Chief Executive Officer and Director	July 29, 2011
/s/	Ronald W. Tysoe Ronald W. Tysoe	Director	July 29, 2011
/s/	James J. Johnson James J. Johnson	Director	July 29, 2011
/s/	David C. Phillips David C. Phillips	Director	July 29, 2011
/s/	William C. Gale William C. Gale	Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	July 29, 2011

(1)

Cintas Corporation

Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts and Reserves

		Additio	ns		
		(1)	(2)		
		Charged	Charged	(3)	Balance
	Balance at	to	to		at
(In	Beginning	Costs and	Other		End
thousand	ls) of Year	Expenses	Accounts	Deductions	of Year

Allowar for Doubtfu Accoun	ıl					
May 31 2009		13,139	\$ 16,650	\$ 5	\$ 10,262	\$ 19,532
May 31 2010		19,532	\$ 1,060	\$ (167)	\$ 6,128	\$ 14,297
May 31 2011	, \$	14,297	\$ 7,835	\$ 43	\$ 5,118	\$ 17,057
Reserve for Obsolet Invento	te					
May 31 2009		20,660	\$ 33,972	\$ (85)	\$ 6,194	\$ 48,353
May 31 2010	, \$	48,353	\$ (7,979)	\$ (130)	\$ 7,778	\$ 32,466
May 31 2011	, \$	32,466	\$ 1,626	\$ (8)	\$ 3,367	\$ 30,717

Represents amounts charged to expense to increase reserve for estimated future bad debts or to increase reserve for obsolete inventory. Amounts related to inventory are computed by performing a thorough analysis of future marketability by specific inventory item.

Represents a change in the appropriate balance sheet reserve due to acquisitions during the respective period.

Represents reductions in the balance sheet reserve due to the actual write- off of non- collectible accounts receivable or the physical disposal of obsolete inventory items. These amounts do not impact Cintas' consolidated income statement.

Exhibit Index

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Management compensatory contracts

Filed herewith

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO 2005 EQUITY COMPENSATION PLAN

This Amendment No. 1 to 2005 Equity Compensation Plan (the "Plan") of Cintas Corporation (the "Company") is made effective as of the 20th day of October, 2009.

RECITALS

- A. The Company desires to amend the terms of the Plan to extend the period during which holders of Awards may exercise their Awards under the Plan.
- B. Article 14 of the Plan provides the Board of the Company with authority to amend the Plan as provided herein, and the Board of Directors desires to make such amendments.

The Plan is amended as follows:

- 1. Capitalized Terms. Capitalized terms used in this Amendment No. 1 without definition have the meaning assigned such terms in the Plan.
- 2. Amendment to Section 6.4.2.4. Section 6.4.2.4 of the Plan is amended and restated as follows:
- "6.4.2.4 Options held by a Director may be exercised at any time during their ten year period and shall continue to vest during that period if the Director dies or ceases to be a Director by reason of Disability or retires as a Director for any reason other than as set forth in Section 6.4.3. An optionee who ceases to be a Nonemployee Director for any reason other than death, retirement or disability, may exercise the Option at any time during the ten year Option period only to the extent that the option holder was entitled to exercise the Option at the time of such cessation. The Committee, at its sole discretion, may permit particular holders of Options to exercise an Option to a greater extent than provided herein."
- 3. <u>Amendment to Section 12.1.3</u>. Section 12.1.3 of the Plan is amended and restated as follows:
- "12.1.3 An Award held by an Eligible Employee may be exercised, to the extent then exercisable upon termination, within one year after termination of employment in the following circumstances:
- 12.1.3.1 after death that occurs while employed or within sixty days after termination of employment for any reason other than for Cause; or
- 12.1.3.2 the employee becomes subject to Permanent and Total Disability while employed.
- 12.1.4 In the case of Retirement, an Award held by an Eligible Employee may be exercised, to the extent then exercisable upon Retirement, through the expiration date of the Award. In the case of Retirement, any exercise of an Incentive Option more than 90 days after the date of Retirement will cause the

Incentive Option to lose the tax- favored benefits generally provided to Incentive Options.

- 12.1.5 Awards may be exercised pursuant to Section 12.1.3 or 12.1.4 by the person or the person's estate or guardian or those persons to whom the Award may be Transferred by will or the laws of descent and distribution as appropriate."
- 4. Renumbering of Subsections. Subsections 12.1.4, 12.1.5 and 12.1.6 in the Plan are renumbered 12.1.6, 12.1.7 and 12.1.8, respectively.
- 5. Entire Amendment. Except as provided in this Amendment No. 1, the Plan is ratified and affirmed.

[Signature page follows; remainder of page intentionally left blank]

Cintas Corporation has executed this Amendment No. 1 to 2005 Equity Compensation Plan on the date and year first above written.

CINTAS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Thomas E. Frooman

Thomas E. Frooman

Vice President and Secretary General Counsel

Exhibit 10.18

CINTAS CORPORATION RESTRICTED STOCK AGREEMENT

Cintas has adopted the 2005 Equity Compensation Plan (the "Plan"). Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in the Plan. Pursuant to the Plan, the Committee appointed by the Board of Directors has determined that it is in the best interest of Cintas and its stockholders to issue this Agreement in order to provide the Participant with additional remuneration for services rendered, to encourage Participant to remain in the employ of Cintas and to increase Participant's personal interest in the continued success and progress of Cintas.
issue this Agreement in order to provide the Participant with additional remuneration for services rendered, to encourage Participant to remain in the
Cintas and Participant therefore agree as follows:
1. Grant. The Company hereby awards to the Participant under the Plan as a separate incentive and not in lieu of any salary or other compensation for his or her services, an Award of Restricted Stock as set forth in the Grant Schedules (later defined) attached to this Agreement, subject to all of the terms and conditions in the Agreement and the Plan. An initial Grant Schedule shall be attached to this Agreement containing the terms and conditions of the initial grant of Restricted Stock. Subsequent grants of Restricted Stock, if any, shall be set forth on additional Grant Schedules setting forth the terms and conditions of each subsequent grant (each a "Grant Schedule" and collectively the "Grant Schedules") and shall be attached to this Agreement by Participant and Cintas and shall become a part of this Agreement.
2. <u>Vesting Schedule</u> .
(a) <u>Service</u> . The Restricted Stock shall vest in accordance with the vesting schedule set forth on the Grant Schedules attached hereto. If Participant is a Covered Employee under Section 162(m) of the Code, Participant's vesting of the Restricted Stock shall be contingent on certification by the Committee of the Participant's satisfaction of grant performance goals. The Participant ceases to be employed with the Company or its Subsidiaries on the later of (A) the date that is the last day of any statutory notice of termination period applicable to the Participant pursuant to applicable employment standards legislation, and (B) the date that is designated by the Company or any Subsidiary as the last day of the Participant's employment with the Company or any Subsidiary, and the date that the Participant ceases to be employed by the Company or its Subsidiaries specifically does not mean the date on which any period of reasonable notice that the Company or any Subsidiary may be required at law to provide to the Participant expires.
(b) <u>Leave of Absence</u> . Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, an authorized leave of absence pursuant to a written agreement or other leave entitling the Participant to reemployment in a comparable position by applicable law shall not constitute a termination of employment for purposes of the Plan unless the Participant does not return at or before the end of the authorized leave or within the period for which re-employment is guaranteed by applicable law.
3. <u>Forfeiture</u> . Notwithstanding any default provision in the Plan to the contrary, subject to all applicable laws, if the Participant ceases to be employed by the Company or its Subsidiaries for any reason (including, but without limitation, death, Disability, or Retirement) before the occurrence of the

Issuance of Restricted Stock.

Status as a Creditor. Unless and until Restricted Stock has vested in accordance with the Agreement, the Participant will have no settlement right with respect to any Restricted Stock. Prior to settlement of any vested Restricted Stock, the vested Restricted Stock will represent an unfunded and unsecured obligation of the Company, payable (if at all) only from the general assets of the Company. The Participant is an unsecured general creditor of the Company, and settlement of Restricted Stock is subject to the claims of the Company's creditors.

Vesting Date (as defined in the Grant Schedules attached hereto), any unvested Restricted Stock shall be forfeited to the Company.

Issuance and Custody. Upon issuance of the Restricted Stock, the stock certificate or certificates representing such Restricted Stock shall be registered in the name of Participant. Until the Restricted Stock is fully vested, certificates representing the Restricted Stock shall bear a restrictive legend to the effect that ownership of the Restricted Stock and the enjoyment of all rights appurtenant thereto are subject to the restrictions, terms and conditions provided in the Plan and this Agreement. Such certificates shall remain in the custody of the Company, and Participant shall deposit with the Company stock powers or other instruments of assignment, each endorsed in blank, so as to permit re-transfer to the Company of all or any portion of the Restricted Stock that shall be forfeited or otherwise not become vested in accordance with the Plan and this Agreement. In addition,

any additional shares of common stock or other securities that the Participant may become entitled to receive with respect to the Restricted Stock pursuant to a stock dividend, stock split, combination of shares, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, separation or reorganization or any other change in the capital structure of the Company shall be subject to the same restrictions as the Restricted Stock under this Agreement and the Plan.

- (c) <u>Delivery of Certificate</u>. As soon as practicable after vesting and subject to the withholding referred to in Section 5, the Company shall deliver to Participant a certificate(s) issued in Participant's name for the Restricted Stock covered by this Agreement.
- 5. Responsibility for Taxes & Withholding. Regardless of any action the Company or any of its Subsidiaries takes with respect to any or all income tax, social insurance, payroll tax, payment on account or other tax- related items related to the Participant's participation in the Plan and legally applicable to the Participant ("Tax- Related Items"), the Participant acknowledges that the ultimate liability for all Tax- Related Items is and remains the Participant's responsibility and may exceed the amount actually withheld by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries. The Participant further acknowledges that the Company and/or its Subsidiaries (1) make no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect to the Restricted Stock, including, but not limited to, the grant, vesting or settlement of the Restricted Stock, the issuance of Shares upon settlement of the Restricted Stock, the subsequent sale of Shares acquired pursuant to such issuance and the receipt of any dividends and/or dividend equivalents; and (2) do not commit to and are under no obligation to structure the terms of any Award to reduce or eliminate Participant's liability for Tax- Related Items or achieve any particular tax result. Further, if the Participant becomes subject to tax in more than one jurisdiction between the Grant Date and the date of any relevant taxable event, the Participant acknowledges that Company and/or its Subsidiaries may be required to withhold or account for Tax- Related Items in more than one jurisdiction.

Prior to any relevant taxable or tax withholding event, as applicable, the Participant will pay or make adequate arrangements satisfactory to the Company and/or its Subsidiaries to satisfy all Tax- Related Items. In this regard, the Participant authorizes the Company and/or its Subsidiaries, or their

respective agents, at their discretion, to satisfy the obligations with regard to all Tax- Related Items by withholding from proceeds of the Shares acquired upon vesting/settlement of the Restricted Stock either through a voluntary sale or through a mandatory sale arranged by the Company (on Participant's behalf pursuant to this authorization).

To avoid negative accounting treatment, the Company and/or its Subsidiaries may withhold or account for Tax- Related Items by considering applicable minimum statutory withholding amounts or other applicable withholding rates.

If the Obligation for Tax- Related Items is not satisfied by withholding from the proceeds of the Shares, the Participant authorizes the Company and/or its Subsidiaries, or their respective agents, at their discretion, to satisfy the obligation with regard to all Tax- Related Items by one or a combination of the following:

- (a) withholding from the Participant's wages or other cash compensation paid to the Participant by the Company and/or its Subsidiaries; or
- (b) withholding in Shares to be issued upon vesting/settlement of the Restricted Stock.

Finally, the Participant shall pay to the Company and/or its Subsidiaries any amount of Tax-Related Items that the Company and/or its Subsidiaries may be required to withhold or account for as a result of the Participant's participation in the Plan that cannot be satisfied by the means previously described. The Company may refuse to issue or deliver the Shares or the proceeds of the sale of Shares, if the Participant fails to comply with the Participant's obligations in connection with the Tax-Related Items

If the obligation for Tax- Related Items is satisfied by withholding in Shares, for tax purposes, the Participant is deemed to have been issued the full number of Shares attributable to the vested Restricted Stock, notwithstanding that a number of Shares are held back solely for the purpose of paying the Tax- Related Items due as a result of any aspect of the Participant's participation in the Plan.

- 6. <u>Rights as Stockholder</u>. Upon issuance, the Participant shall have the rights of a stockholder of the Company with respect to voting such Shares and distributions on such Shares, if any. Until the Restricted Stock has vested, Participant shall have no right to sell or assign the Restricted Stock except as specifically set forth in this Agreement and the Plan.
- 7. <u>Acknowledgments</u>. The Participant acknowledges and agrees to the following:
- (a) The Plan is discretionary in nature and the Committee may amend, suspend, or terminate it at any time.
- (b) The grant of the Restricted Stock is voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future grants of Restricted Stock, or benefits in lieu of Restricted Stock even if Restricted Stock has been granted repeatedly in the past.
- (c) All determinations with respect to such future Restricted Stock, if any, including but not limited to, the times when the Restricted Stock shall be granted or when the Restricted Stock shall vest, will be at the sole discretion of the Committee.
- (d) The Participant's participation in the Plan is voluntary.

- (e) The value of the Restricted Stock is an extraordinary item of compensation, which is outside the scope of the Participant's employment contract (if any), except as may otherwise be explicitly provided in the Participant's employment contract (if any).
- (f) The Restricted Stock is not part of normal or expected compensation or salary for any purpose, including, but not limited to, calculating termination, severance, resignation, redundancy, end of service, or similar payments, or bonuses, long- service awards, pension or retirement benefits.
- (g) The future value of the Shares is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty.
- (h) No claim or entitlement to compensation or damages arises from the termination or forfeiture of the Award, termination of the Plan, or diminution in value of the Restricted Stock or Shares and the Participant irrevocably releases the Company and its Subsidiaries from any such claim that may arise.
- (i) Neither the Plan nor the Restricted Stock shall be construed to create an employment relationship where any employment relationship did not otherwise already exist.
- (j) Nothing in the Agreement or the Plan shall confer upon the Participant any right to continue to be employed by the Company or any Subsidiary or shall interfere with or restrict in any way the rights of the Company or the Subsidiary, which are hereby expressly reserved, to terminate the employment of the Participant under applicable law.
- (k) The transfer of the employment of the Participant between the Company and any one of its Subsidiaries (or between Subsidiaries) shall not be deemed a termination of service.
- (1) Nothing herein contained shall affect the Participant's right to participate in and receive benefits under and in accordance with the then current provisions of any pension, insurance or other Participant welfare plan or program of the Company or any Subsidiary.
- (m) The Company is not providing any tax, legal or financial advice, nor is the Company making any recommendations regarding the Participant's participation in the Plan, or the Participant's acquisition or sale of the underlying Shares. The Participant is hereby advised to consult with his or her own personal tax, legal and financial advisors regarding his or her participation in the Plan before taking any action related to the Plan.
- (n) The Company reserves the right to impose other requirements on participation in the Plan, on the Restricted Stock and on any Shares acquired under the Plan, to the extent the Company determines it is necessary or advisable in order to comply with applicable laws or facilitate the administration of the Plan, and to require the Participants to sign any additional agreements or undertakings that may be necessary to accomplish the foregoing.
- 8. <u>Changes in Stock.</u> In the event that as a result of a stock dividend, stock split, reclassification, recapitalization, combination of Shares or the adjustment in capital stock of the Company or otherwise, or as a result of a merger, consolidation, spin- off or other reorganization, the Company's Shares, shall be increased, reduced or otherwise changed, the Restricted Stock shall be adjusted automatically consistent with such change to prevent substantial dilution or enlargement of the rights granted to, or available for, the Participant hereunder.

9. <u>Address for Notices</u>. Unless Cintas notifies the Participant in writing of a different procedure or address, any notice or other communication to Cintas with respect to this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be delivered personally or sent by first class mail, postage prepaid, or overnight courier to the following address:

Cintas Corporation 6800 Cintas Boulevard P.O. Box 625737 Cincinnati, Ohio 45262- 5737 USA

Attn: Treasurer

Any notice or other communication to the Participant with respect to this Agreement shall be in writing (including electronically as provided in Section 20) and shall be delivered personally, or shall be sent by first class mail, postage prepaid, or overnight courier to the Participant's address as listed in the records of Cintas on the Grant Date, unless Cintas has received written notification from the Participant of a change of address.

- Transferability. The Participant shall have no right to sell, assign, transfer, pledge or otherwise encumber the Restricted Stock in any manner until the Shares are issued to Participant upon settlement. Following settlement and issuance of Shares, in the event the Company permits Participant to arrange for sale of Shares through a broker or another designated agent of the Company, Participant acknowledges and agrees that the Company may block any such sale and/or cancel any order to sell placed by the Participant, in each case if the Participant is not then permitted under the Company's insider trading policy to engage in transactions with respect to securities of the Company. If the Committee determines that the ability of the Participant to sell or transfer Shares is restricted, then the Company may place a restrictive legend or stop transfer notation on any certificate that may be issued to represent such Shares or on its books with respect to such Shares. If a legend or stop transfer notation is placed on any certificate or the Company's books with respect to the Participant's Shares, the Participant may only sell such Shares in compliance with such legend or notation.
- 11. <u>Participant Employment</u>. Nothing contained in this Agreement, and no action taken by Cintas or the Committee with respect hereto, shall confer or be construed to confer on the Participant any right to continue in the employ of the Company or interfere in any way with the right of the Company to terminate Participant's employment at any time, with or without cause.
- 12. <u>Binding Agreement</u>. Subject to the limitation on the transferability of this Award contained herein, the Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, legatees, legal representatives, successors and assigns of the parties hereto.
- 13. <u>Plan Governs</u>. This Agreement is subject to all terms and provisions of the Plan. In the event of a conflict between one or more provisions of the Agreement and one or more provisions of the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall govern. The terms and provisions of the Plan and the Agreement shall govern all grants of Restricted Stock referenced in any and all Grant Schedules which may be attached to this Agreement.
- 14. <u>Governing Law and Forum.</u> This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Ohio, United States of America, regardless of the law that might be applied under principles of conflict of laws. Each party irrevocably submits to the general jurisdiction of the state and U.S. federal courts located in the State of Ohio in any action to interpret or enforce the

Agreement and irrevocably waives any objection to jurisdiction that such party may have based upon inconvenience of forum.

- 15. <u>Captions</u>. Captions provided herein are for convenience only and are not to serve as a basis for interpretation or construction of this Agreement.
- 16. <u>Severability</u>. In the event that any provision in this Agreement, shall be held invalid or unenforceable, such provision shall be severable from, and such invalidity or unenforceability shall not be construed to have any effect on, the remaining provisions of the Agreement.
- 17. <u>Modifications to the Agreement</u>. The Agreement constitutes the entire understanding of the parties on the subjects covered. The Participant expressly warrants that he or she is not executing the Agreement in reliance on any promises, representations, or inducements other than those contained herein. Modifications to the Agreement can be made only in an express written contract executed by a duly authorized officer of the Company.
- 18. <u>Amendment, Suspension or Termination of the Plan</u>. By accepting this Award, the Participant expressly warrants that he or she has received a right to an equity based award under the Plan, and has received, read, and understood a description of the Plan. The Participant understands that the Plan is discretionary in nature and may be modified, suspended, or terminated by the Company at any time.
- 19. Compliance with Laws and Regulations; General Restrictions on Delivery of Shares. The Participant understands that the vesting of the Restricted Stock under the Plan and the issuance, transfer, assignment, sale, or other dealings of the Shares shall be subject to compliance by the Company (or any Subsidiary) and the Participant with all applicable requirements under the laws, rules, and regulations of the country of which the Participant is a resident. Furthermore, the Participant agrees that he or she will not acquire Shares pursuant to the Plan except in compliance with all under the laws, rules, and regulations of the country of which the Participant is a resident.

The Company shall not be required to transfer or deliver any Shares or dividends or distributions relating to such Shares until it has been furnished with such opinions, representations or other documents as it may deem necessary or desirable, in its discretion, to insure compliance with any applicable laws of the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other governmental authority having jurisdiction under the Plan or over the Company, the Participant, or the Shares or any interests therein. The Award of Restricted Stock evidenced by the Agreement is also subject to the condition that, if at any time the Committee administering the Plan shall determine, in its discretion, that the listing, registration or qualification of the Shares (or any capital stock distributed with respect thereto) upon the NASDAQ (or any other securities exchange or trading market) or under any United States state or Federal law or other applicable Rule, or the consent or approval of any governmental regulatory body, is necessary or desirable as a condition of, or in connection with, the granting of the Award of Restricted Stock evidenced by the Agreement or the issuance, transfer or delivery of the Shares (or the payment of any dividends or other distributions related to the Shares), the Company shall not be required to transfer or deliver any Shares or dividends or distributions relating to such Shares unless such listing, registration, qualification, consent or approval shall have been effected or obtained to the complete satisfaction of the Committee and free of any conditions not acceptable to the Committee.

20. <u>Authorization to Release and Transfer Necessary Personal Information</u>. The Participant hereby explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of his or her personal data by and among, as applicable, the Company and the Subsidiaries for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Participant's participation in the

Plan. The Participant understands that the Company and the Subsidiaries may hold certain personal information about the Participant including, but not limited to, the Participant's name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social security number (or any other social insurance or national identification number), salary, nationality, job title, number of Restricted Stock and/or Shares held and the details of all Restricted Stock or any other entitlement to Shares awarded, cancelled, vested, unvested or outstanding for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Participant's participation in the Plan (the "Data"). The Participant understands that the Data may be transferred to the Company or any of the Subsidiaries, or to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan, that these recipients may be located in the Participant's country or elsewhere, and that any recipients' country (e.g., the United States) may have different data privacy laws and protections than the Participant's country. The Participant understands that he or she may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting his or her local human resources representative. The Participant authorizes the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the sole purpose of implementing, administering and managing his or her participation in the Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data to a broker or other third party assisting with the administration of Restricted Stock under the Plan or with whom Shares acquired pursuant to the vesting of the Restricted Stock or cash from the sale of such Shares may be deposited. Furthermore, the Participant acknowledges and understands that the transfer of the Data to the Company or the Subsidiaries, or to any third parties is necessary for his or her participation in the Plan. The Participant understands that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage his or her participation in the Plan. The Participant understands that he or she may, at any time, view the Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of the Data, require any necessary amendments to the Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein by contacting his or her local human resources representative in writing. The Participant further acknowledges that withdrawal of consent may affect his or her ability to vest in or realize benefits from the Restricted Stock, and his or her ability to participate in the Plan. For more information on the consequences of refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, the Participant understands that he or she may contact his or her local human resources representative.

- Electronic Delivery and Execution. The Participant hereby consents and agrees to electronic delivery of any documents that the Company may elect to deliver (including, but not limited to, plan documents, prospectus and prospectus supplements, grant or award notifications and agreements, account statements, annual and quarterly reports, and all other forms of communications) in connection with this and any other Award made or offered under the Plan. The Participant understands that, unless revoked by the Participant by giving written notice to the Company pursuant to the Plan, this consent will be effective for the duration of this Agreement. The Participant also understands that he or she will have the right at any time to request that the Company deliver written copies of any and all materials referred to above. The Participant hereby consents to any and all procedures the Company has established or may establish for an electronic signature system for delivery and acceptance of any such documents that the Company may elect to deliver, and agree that his or her electronic signature is the same as, and will have the same force and effect as, his or her manual signature. The Participant consents and agrees that any such procedures and delivery may be affected by a third party engaged by the Company to provide administrative services related to the Plan.
- 22. <u>Stock Power.</u> Participant shall be required to execute an irrevocable stock power in connection with the granting of Restricted Stock to Participant. Participant acknowledges that this stock power shall give Cintas the right to sell or redeem any Shares which are issued to Participant upon settlement, in order to pay tax or other obligations relating to the issuance or sale of any Shares issued in settlement of the Restricted Stock or to satisfy any other obligations Participant may have to Cintas.

- 23. <u>Appendix</u>. Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, this Restricted Stock grant and the Shares acquired under the Plan shall be subject to any and all special terms and provisions as set forth in the Appendix, if any, for the Participant's country of residence.
- 24. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be an original for all purposes but all of which taken together shall constitute but one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Cintas has caused this Agreement to be executed, and Participant has signed this Agreement, as of the date first above written.

CINTAS CORPORATION on behalf of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of	ACCEPTED
Cintas Corporation	Participant
Ву:	Ву:
Name:	Name:
Title:	Address:
	Social Security Number:
	8

GRANT SCHEDULE

articipant Name:	
rant Date:	
umber of Shares of Restricted Stock Granted:	
esting Schedule/Vesting Date:	

STOCK POWER

For Value Received, the undersigned, () Shares of the Common Sto	, hereby sells, assigns and transfers to Cintas Corporation, ock of Cintas Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of Washington
(the "Company"), registered in the name of appoint any Vice President or the Treasurer of Cintas Corporation full power of substitution in the premises.	on the books of the Company and do hereby irrevocably constitute and as attorney- in- fact to transfer the said stock on the books of the Company with
Dated:	
In the Presence of	
	2

Exhibit 21 Subsidiaries of Registrant

Subsidiaries of negistrant	OTATE OR OTHER HIRIORIOTION
NAME	STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF INCORPORATION
IVAIVIL	OF INCOME OF A TION
Cintas Corporation No. 3	Nevada
Cintas Corporation No. 2	Nevada
Cintas Corp. No. 8, Inc.	Nevada
Cintas Corp. No. 15, Inc.	Nevada
Cintas - R.U.S., L.P.	Texas
Cintas Corporate Services, Inc.	Ohio
The Millennium Mat Company, LLC	Ohio
Grupo Cintas de Mexico S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Cintas Cleanroom Resources de Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Cintas Service Transportation LLC	Ohio
Cintas C.V. Holdings, LLC	Ohio
Cintas Corporation Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong
Cintas Wholesale First Aid LLC	Ohio
Cintas Distribution LLC	Ohio
CDS Equipment Holdings, LLC	Ohio
Cintas Netherlands Holdings C.V.	Netherlands
Cintas Macau Limited	China
Cintas de Honduras, S.A.	Honduras
Empresa Cintas de Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Ensambles de Coahuila, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Cintas Manufacturing LLC	Ohio
Cintas Holdings LLC	Ohio
Cintas Netherlands Holdings B.V.	Netherlands
Cintas Canada Limited	Ontario, Canada
3065521 Nova Scotia Company	Nova Scotia, Canada
3065520 Nova Scotia Company	Nova Scotia, Canada
Cintas Document Management - Netherlands B.V.	Netherlands
Cintas Canada Investment Limited Partnership	Alberta, Canada
Cintas Document Management - Germany GmbH	Germany
Cintas China Holding Limited	Hong Kong
Cintas (Suzhou) Enterprise Services Co., Ltd	China
3057314 Nova Scotia Company	Nova Scotia, Canada
Cintas Image Apparel Co., Ltd.	Shanghai, China
Cintas Property Holding Belgium BVBA	Belgium
Cintas Document Management Belgium BVBA	Belgium
Cintas (Tianjian) Enterprise Services Co., Ltd.	China
Cintas Document Management UK Limited	England
Document & Data Management Limited	England
Keymorr Imaging Services Limited	England
Preview Services (UK) Limited	England
Squirrel Storage Limited	England

Exhibit 23

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the following Registration Statements:

- (1)
 Registration Statement (Form S- 8 No. 33- 56623) pertaining to the Cintas Corporation Partners' Plan,
- (2) Registration Statement (Form S- 8 No. 33- 23228) pertaining to the Incentive Stock Option Plan,
- (3)
- Registration Statement (Form S- 8 No. 333- 44654) pertaining to the 1999 Stock Option Plan, (4)
- Registration Statement (Form S- 4 No. 333- 75015),
- (5) Registration Statement (Form S- 4 No. 333- 78085),
- (6) Registration Statement (Form S- 8 No. 333- 110221) pertaining to the 2003 Directors' Stock Option Plan,
- (7) Registration Statement (Form S- 8 No. 333- 121459),
- (8)
 Registration Statement (Form S- 8 No. 333- 131375) pertaining to the 2005 Equity Compensation Plan, and
- (9) Registration Statement (Form S- 3 No. 333- 160926)

of our reports dated July 29, 2011, with respect to the consolidated financial statements and schedule of Cintas Corporation and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of Cintas Corporation included in this Annual Report (Form 10- K) for the year ended May 31, 2011.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Cincinnati, Ohio July 29, 2011

Exhibit 31.1

Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a 14(a)

I, Scott D. Farmer, certify that:

- I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10- K of Cintas Corporation;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4.

 The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a- 15(e) and 15d- 15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a- 15(f) and 15d- 15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be
 designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its
 consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which
 this report is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 29, 2011 /s/ Scott D. Farmer
Scott D. Farmer
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

b.

Exhibit 31.2

Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a 14(a)

I, William C. Gale, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10- K of Cintas Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a- 15(e) and 15d- 15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

William C. Gale Date: July 29, 2011 /s/

b.

William C. Gale

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

Exhibit 32.1

Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission of the Report of Cintas Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10- K for the period ending May 31, 2011 (the "Report"), I, Scott D. Farmer, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1)
 The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2)

 The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of the Company as of and for the periods presented.
- /s/ Scott D. Farmer
 Scott D. Farmer
 Principal Executive Officer

July 29, 2011

Exhibit 32.2

Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission of the Report of Cintas Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10- K for the period ending May 31, 2011 (the "Report"), I, William C. Gale, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1)
 The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2)

 The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of the Company as of and for the periods presented.

/s/ <u>William C. Gale</u>
William C. Gale
Principal Financial Officer

July 29, 2011